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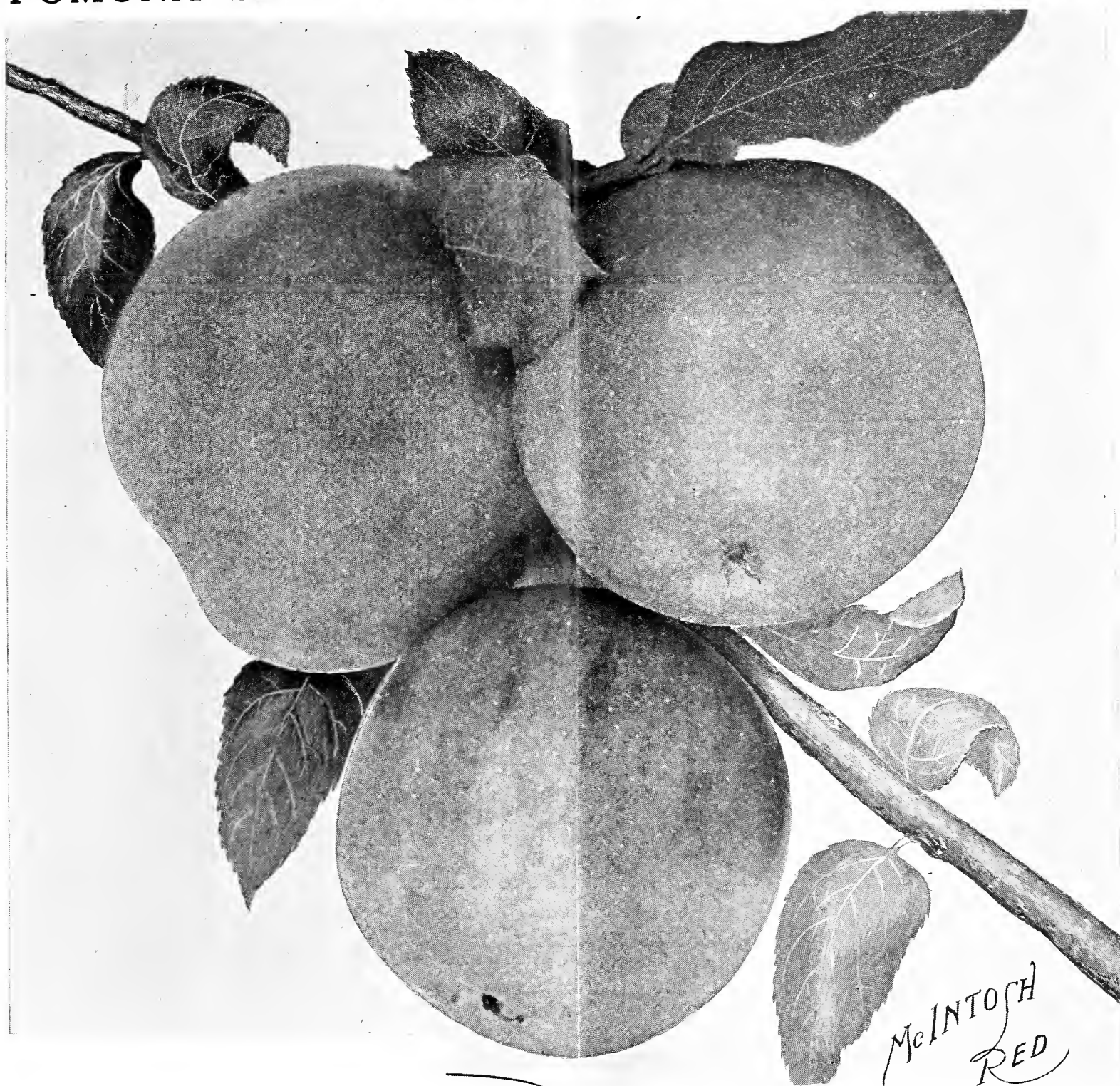
Pout

POMONA



POMONA TEN CENT
NURSERIES INC.
DANSVILLE, N.Y.

POMONA SPECIAL INTRODUCTORY COLLECTION



Pomona Special Quality Apple Tree Collection

3 First Class Trees 4 to 5 ft. high, 2 year for 25 cents

One tree each of the three varieties illustrated on back cover page of this catalogue as follows:—

1 McIntosh

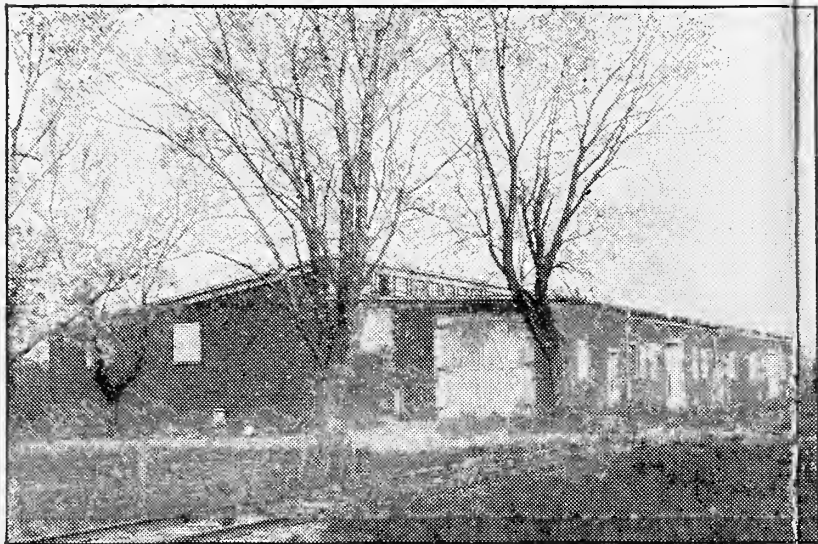
1 Wealthy

1 Wagener

Don't fail to take advantage of this Special Apple Tree Collection when ordering.

Our References

As to our responsibility and reliability we would ask our prospective customers to inquire of the Citizens Bank of Dansville, Dansville, N. Y., Merchants and Farmers National Bank, Dansville, N. Y., or R. G. Dun's or Bradstreet's Commercial Agencies.



Frost Proof Packinghouse of Pomona Ten Cent Nurseries, Inc.

run no risks with trees sold by the Pomona Ten Cent Nurseries as they are guaranteed to prove in every way as represented above.

Free Boxing and Packing

We box and pack all shipments without charge. All orders are put up in boxes or bales, lined with heavy paper to guard against stock drying out; the trees and plants are packed in moist excelsior and straw.

Cash with Order

You will readily see that it is impossible for us to open hundreds of small accounts every spring, with the attendant labor and expense of bookkeeping; that we ask for **cash with order** is no reflection whatever on the credit of our customers but a necessity to the success of a mail order business, and at the low price we are selling it is impossible for us to accept of any order amounting to less than \$1.00.

How Best to Remit

Remit by Bank Draft, Express Money Order, Post Office Money Order, or Registered Letter. We will ship trees and plants C. O. D., providing 25% of the total of your order is sent in cash. If the order goes by express you pay the balance to your express agent upon arrival. If the order goes by freight you pay the balance at your bank, where you will also find freight bill and order on your freight agent to deliver shipment to you.

Place Your Order Early

All orders should be sent in as early as possible to insure prompt attention. As far as possible it is our rule to fill all orders according to the rotation in which they are received. All trees and plants are packed in the best manner for shipment to all distant points, and delivered on board cars here at the prices named in this catalogue. We ask our patrons to notify us immediately after receipt of order if any errors have occurred in the filling of their orders, so that we may adjust such complaints. We desire to conduct our business in all respects satisfactorily to those who favor us with their confidence. All orders should be written out on the order-sheet herewith; this will save us much trouble and prevent mistakes.

Distance Between Trees and Plants When Planting

Standard apple trees, 30 to 40 feet apart each way. Pear and cherry trees, 20 feet apart each way. Cherries will do well planted 18 feet apart each way. Plums, peaches and apricots, 16 feet apart each way. Quinces, 10 to 12 feet apart each way. Currants, gooseberries, raspberries, 3 to 4 feet apart; blackberries, 6 to 8 feet apart; grapes, 8 to 10 feet apart.

Pomona Ten Cent Nurseries Inc., Dansville, N. Y.

What Size Trees Best to Plant

Genuineness of Variety of First Importance

Of first importance is to secure the variety you need, **true to name**. Upon this depends the future of your orchard and not on the size of the trees planted.

It is a mistaken idea that a smaller size tree is a stunted tree. There are hundreds of causes which may affect the size of a fruit tree in the nursery row. The fact of the matter is the size of a tree from a well cultivated block, carefully grown, healthy, clean, free from disease, and carefully handled is of equal value as the larger tree grown in the same block and will come into bearing equally as early.

The most important point in the value of a tree is genuineness. It must be **true to name**, or its actual value is lost; free from insect pests, and when bought from the nursery direct, you



**Root System of Our
4 to 5 Feet Trees**

Others Charge 20 Cents
OUR PRICE 10 Cents

Greetings to our Patrons and Friends

We are pleased to take this opportunity to extend to you our earnest appreciation of your good will, support and patronage.

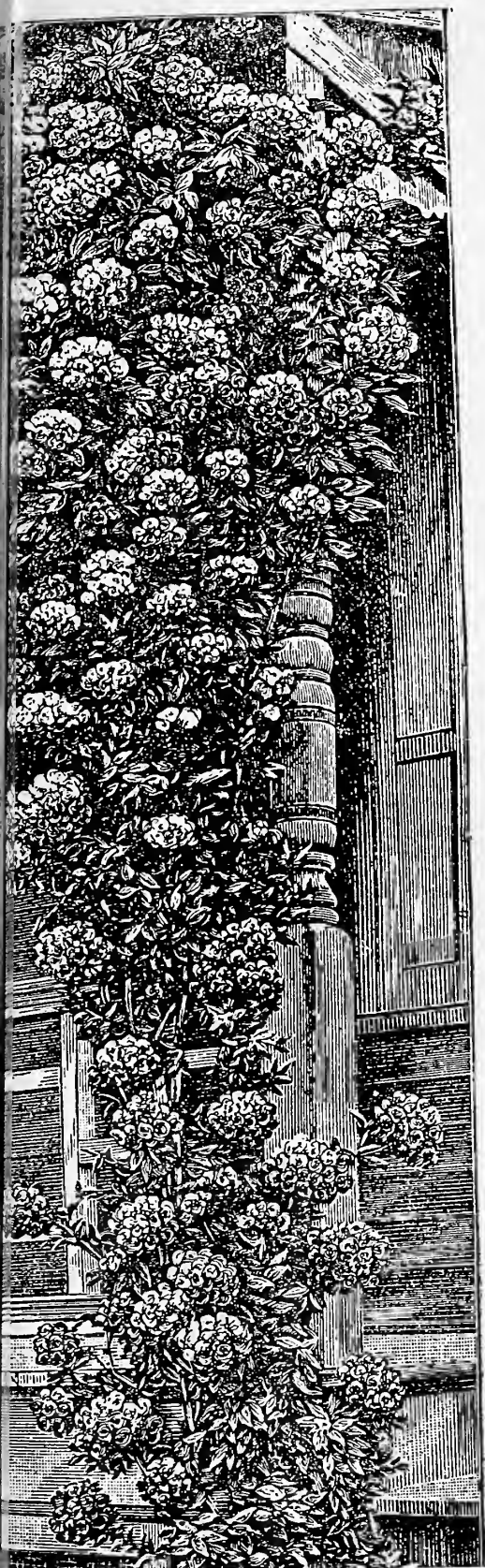
It has been and always will be the ideal and foundation principle of the Pomona Ten Cent Nurseries, Inc., to supply you trees and plants of known high quality at ten cents each, and to give in every way the best service of which we are capable.

Our Guarantee

Every order is accepted by us with the understanding that if the stock we send you is not found satisfactory in every respect and up to size and quality represented in this catalog, we will refund your money, providing you notify us five days after receipt of order. You can readily see that we could not afford to make this guarantee unless we were sure of pleasing you.

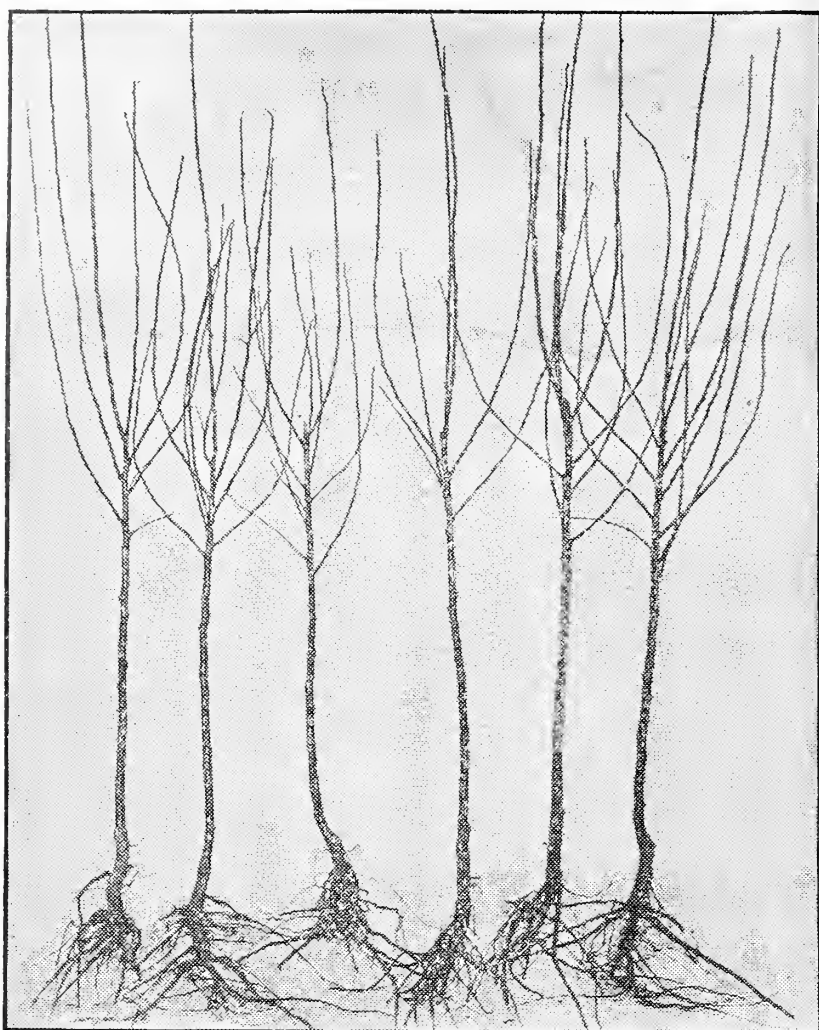
Our Liberal Terms of Shipment

We sell for cash only and give no discounts to any one. The prices quoted in catalog are absolutely the lowest, and from this price no discount is allowed. Our prices are alike to everyone, all get exactly the same low price.



CRIMSON RAMBLER ROSE

POMONA TEN CENT NURSERIES, INC.,
DANSVILLE, N. Y.



Pomona Apple Trees 2 Yr, 4 to 6 Ft. High, well rooted and branched

Red Astrachan—This hardy early variety is well known. Fruit large, roundish, nearly covered with deep crimson, handsome, juicy, good, highly esteemed on account of its fine appearance, earliness, and hardiness. Aug.

Carolina Red June—Small or medium, deep red, quality good. Tree hardy and a fine grower. Aug.

Williams Favorite—A bright red apple of mild, agreeable flavor. Aug. to Sept.

Golden Sweet—Large, pale yellow, tree a good grower and very productive. Aug. to Sept.

Early Harvest—Medium, pale yellow, tender, juicy. Excellent for orchard and garden; one of the first to ripen. Last of Aug.

Yellow Transparent—A Russian apple of splendid quality. The hardiest and finest summer apple grown. July and August.

Tetofsky—Tree very hardy and productive, fruit striped and splashed with red, flesh white, firm tender, juicy, quality fair to good. Aug. to Sept.

Fanny—Large, deep rich crimson, tender, juicy, pleasant. Tree vigorous and very productive. Aug.

Standard Varieties of Apples

Duchess of Oldenburg—A large, beautiful Russian apple; round; streaked red on yellow; tender, juicy, pleasant; a kitchen apple of best quality and esteemed by many for dessert. Tree a vigorous, fine grower, and an abundant bearer. Succeeds well in the Northwest, where most varieties fail. I find Duchess the most valuable commercial variety, free from blight, a sure cropper, hardy as an oak, having survived in some instances when all others died (except Wealthy), and all in all a wonderful variety. Very hardy. Aug. and Sept.

Gravenstein—An apple of excellent quality. For culinary purposes it is perhaps unexcelled by any variety of its season. Fruit large and uniform in size, skin thin, tender, greenish-yellow overlaid with dark red. Sept.

Maiden's Blush—Medium, pale, yellow, red cheek, fine quality, sub-acid. Oct.

Rambo—Medium streaked and splashed with red, rich, sub-acid. Oct.

Red Bietigheimer—Large, yellow, shaded red; flesh white, juicy, with a brisk sub-acid flavor. Oct.

Fall Pippin—Very large, roundish, oblong, yellow; flesh tender, rich and delicious. Tree is a free grower, spreading, and fine bearer. One of the most valuable varieties for table or market. Extensively grown in Western New York. Oct.

Walter Pease—A superb red fall apple of large size and excellent quality. Good for the home garden or for market. A rare variety that you should have in your collection. Sept. to Oct.

Princess Louise—Of medium size, color mixed and striped red over a yellowish ground; fine, juicy, tender; good quality. Oct.

Fameuse (Snow Apple)—Hardy, medium size; deep crimson; flesh is snowy white, tender, melting and delicious. Tree vigorous with dark wood; one of the finest dessert fruits, and valuable for market; succeeds particularly well in the North. Nov. to Jan.

Wealthy—This is a beautiful, hardy winter apple, originating in Minnesota. Fruit large; roundish; skin smooth, oily, covered with a dark red. Flesh white, tender, juicy, vinous, sub-acid; quality, very good. This is one of the few most desirable varieties for Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, as well as the Eastern and Middle States. In season it differs somewhat, according to locality; in New York and neighboring states its season is Dec. to Feb. and owing to its early bearing qualities it is planted largely as a filler.

Hubbardston (Hubbardston Nonesuch)—Large; striped yellow and red; tender, juicy and fine; great bearer. One of the best. Nov. to May.



McIntosh Apple—Very Productive and High Quality

McIntosh Red Apple—An exceedingly valuable, hardy, attractive apple. A good annual bearer of fair, handsome fruit, being especially desirable for fancy trade. It comes into bearing young, yielding large crops of fine fruit almost annually. Oct. to Jan.

American Blush—Here is an apple that is not surpassed the world over for large size, great beauty of color, or for excellent quality. It is an apple that should be growing in every garden and orchard. Fruit large, roundish; color bright red on yellow skin; flesh yellow, with a fine, rich aromatic flavor, sub-acid. The tree is a vigorous grower, and is exceedingly productive, bearing an abundant crop of fruit every year. Nov. to Jan.

Shiawassee Beauty—Hardy, and of finest quality. One grower has remarked that "every family should have one." Medium in size; whitish, splashed and striped with rich red. Oct. to Jan.

Golden Russet—Vigorous growth; medium; russett; crisp, juicy, mild sub-acid; hardy; very good; long keeper. Nov. to Apr.

Baldwin—A great market apple, very productive of fair handsome fruit. No variety yields larger crops or bears shipment better, or is more attractive in color, size and shape, than the Baldwin. It is esteemed as an eating apple, and for cooking. Thousands of barrels of this fruit are exported to England annually. For a commercial orchard it can be relied upon. Large, bright red, crisp, juicy and rich; tree vigorous, upright and productive. Dec. to Mar.

Gano—A fine commercial sort. Very hardy. A half brother to Ben Davis, though of better quality. Very richly colored, uniform in size; keeps until March; rapid grower, fruit very handsome, flesh pale yellow, mild, sub-acid, good. Large, good marketing and keeping.

Boiken—Medium size; yellow, tart acid, long keeper. A very good cooking apple.

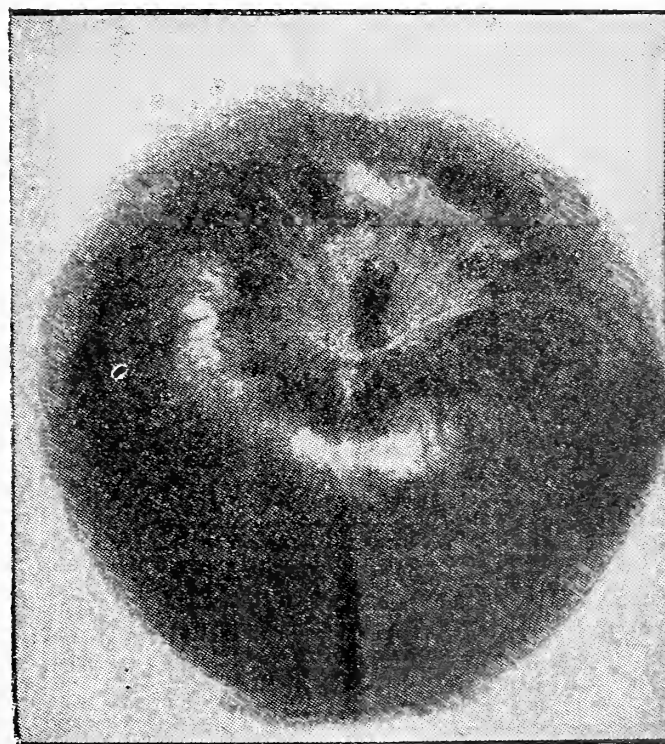
Grimes' Golden—Medium to large size; skin golden yellow, sprinkled with gray dots; flesh crisp, tender, juicy, sprightly, very good to best. Grown in the South and Southwest. Jan. to Apr.

Stayman's Winesap—Fruit medium, large; skin green and yellow, red-striped; flesh yellow, firm; quality excellent. A seedling of Winesap but larger, better and more productive. Dec. to Apr.

Pewaukee—One of the hardy varieties. The size is medium; shape, nearly round, very full at the stem cavity and often lipped; color, greenish yellow with mixed and striped red; flesh, yellowish, juicy.

King of Tompkins County—One of the standard varieties grown for commercial purposes, and gives the greatest satisfaction when top-worked on some hardier variety. The fruit is of a bright red color, large and uniform. It is well adapted for marketing in fancy packages and is in good demand for both special and general trade, often selling at an advance over standard varieties in both domestic and foreign markets. The flesh is yellowish, crisp, tender, juicy and sub-acid, and of the best quality. Feb.

Northwestern Greening—A hardy winter apple of very large size, much larger than R. I. Greening. This apple is highly prized in localities where the ordinary Greening will not succeed. Prof. H. E. VanDeman says: "One of the best of the hardy kinds. The size is large, very round and symmetrical in shape; color, green, which turns yellow at full maturity; flesh yellowish, fine grained, tender, juicy; sub-acid; quality good."



Baldwin Apple—Reliable and Productive

Pomona Prices for all varieties of Apple Trees, 2 Year, 4 to 6 feet high, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$8.00.



Wagener Apple Tree in Bloom

Wagener—This is one of the varieties that bear at an early age. The tree is a quick grower and very thrifty. It is planted a great deal as a filler for orchards, as it bears an abundance of fruit when young; is of rather dwarf habit and gets weak when old. The fruit is medium to large, skin tough and of a bright light red color. Flesh whitish, firm, crisp, tender, very juicy and sub-acid. Wagener is of the very best quality. Oct. to Feb.

Esopus Spitzenburg—Large, deep red with gray spots, and delicately coated with bloom; flesh yellow, crisp, rich and excellent. Nov. to Apr.

Jacob Sweet—A large, showy apple, green or yellowish, often with bright flush. One of the best sweet apples. Oct. to Apr.

Ontario—Fruit large, uniform in size and shape; color, yellow splashed with carmine, highly colored, flesh tender, sub-acid. Nov. to Mar.

Wolf River—Fruit is very large, some specimens weighing twenty-seven ounces; round, flattened, conical, highly colored. An excellent cooking apple. Sept. to Dec.

Seek No Further (Westfield)—An old favorite dessert apple. Oct. to Feb.

Northern Spy Apple—This variety has long been a favorite in commercial sorts, in northern New England, New York, Michigan, etc. It is superior to some other standard varieties in flavor and quality and commands top prices. Large, striped and quite covered on the sunny side with dark crimson; and delicately coated with bloom. Juicy, rich, highly aromatic, retaining its freshness of appearance and flavor till July. A remarkably rapid, erect grower, and a great bearer. *One of the finest late keeping apples.*

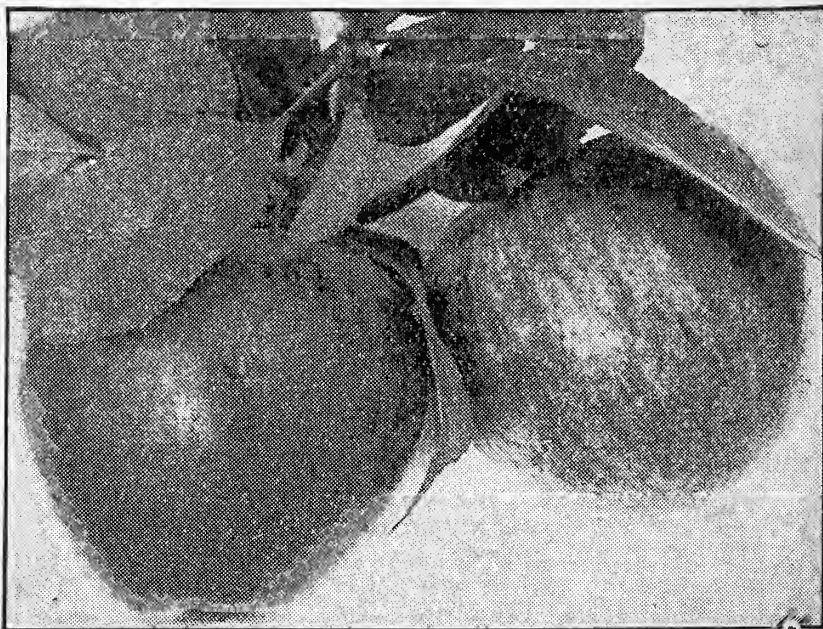
Delicious—This apple is appropriately named for it is of handsome appearance as well as high quality, rivaling Spitzenburg. It is oblong in shape and its bright red and yellow skin is very handsome. This apple has been largely planted in the Northwest and ranks high in commercial orcharding. Since it has made good in the apple growing sections someone has said it is a gem. It is the best in quality of any apple I have tasted. Everyone should plant one or more trees of Delicious apple that sold last year in Chicago and New York markets at \$3.00 to \$5.00 per bushel. Think what these prices mean to the grower of this valuable winter apple.

Rhode Island Greening—This large and superior winter apple is famous over a large extent of country, and is more highly prized for cooking and eating than any other variety. It is a good keeper but will keep better if picked early. This Greening is a beautiful yellow color when ripe, and is a most abundant yielder. March to April.

Jonathan—A beautiful red apple, highly flavored and of excellent quality, being tender, juicy, spicy and rich—a splendid family sort and highly profitable for market. Tree long-lived, productive, and an early bearer. Nov. to Apr.

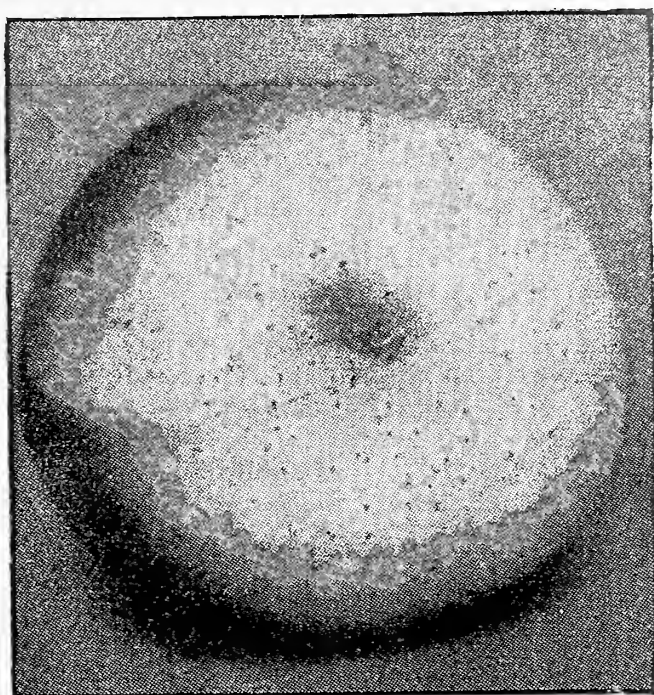
Mann—Season, winter. Size, medium to large. This is an attractive yellow apple, mild sub-acid; a prolific and profitable variety. It is a long keeper in or out of cold storage, and a fine, vigorous grower.

Tolman Sweet—Season, winter. Medium to large size; color, light yellow; flesh, white, firm, rich, and very sweet. Excellent for winter baking. Keeps well into spring. A late, well known favorite. Nov. to April.



Northern Spy Apples

Pomona Price for all varieties of Apple Trees, 2 Year, 4 to 6 feet high, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$8.00.



Winter Banana Apple

Winter Banana—Perfect in form; golden yellow, and beautifully shaded with bright crimson red; flesh lemon-yellow, fine grained, sub-acid, rich, aromatic flavor, and of the highest quality. A good keeper. Tree remarkably strong grower. Its early bearing is something simply wonderful, generally producing a fine crop the second year. A valuable market variety. Nov. to Jan. Mr. A. H. Hill, N. Y., picked 5½ bushels from a Banana apple tree six years old.

Yellow Belleflower—Season, winter. A hardy apple of large size, a beautiful golden color, often with red blush; conical in shape. Flesh very tender and fine grained, crisp, juicy, sub-acid, of excellent quality. Oct. to Feb.

Walbridge—Season, late winter. This is a very hardy apple, known by some as Edgar Red Streak. Size, medium; pale yellow with red cheek. Crisp, tender, sub-acid, fairly good.

Bailey Sweet—A beautiful red apple of good quality. Oct. to Jan.

Stark—Fruit fair, smooth, uniform and attractive. Large, striped, mild, sub-acid. Valuable as a keeper. A good variety for the commercial orchard because the tree is thrifty, hardy, healthy, a reliable cropper and very productive. Jan. to May.

Mammoth Black Twig—The tree is a strong grower, a regular and abundant bearer. A good winter apple. Deep red; sub-acid, very high flavored.

Rome Beauty—A large and handsome apple, almost entirely covered with bright red; of high quality. The flesh is tender, juicy and highly flavored. It is a popular apple over a wide range of country, particularly in the West. Dec. to Mar.

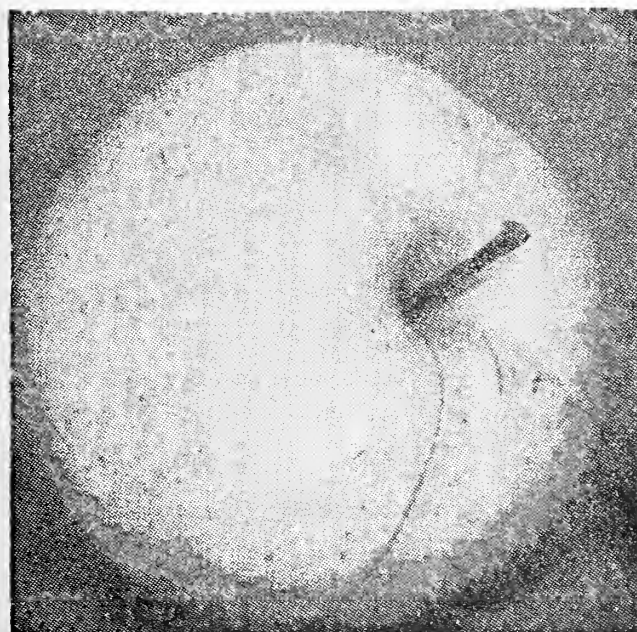
Roxbury Russet—Medium to large. Surface rough, greenish covered with russet. Tree free grower, spreading; a great bearer. Keeps until June.

Sutton Beauty—Medium to large, roundish; waxen yellow, striped with deep carmine; flesh white, sub-acid; tender, juicy, good. A long keeper. Jan. to Feb.

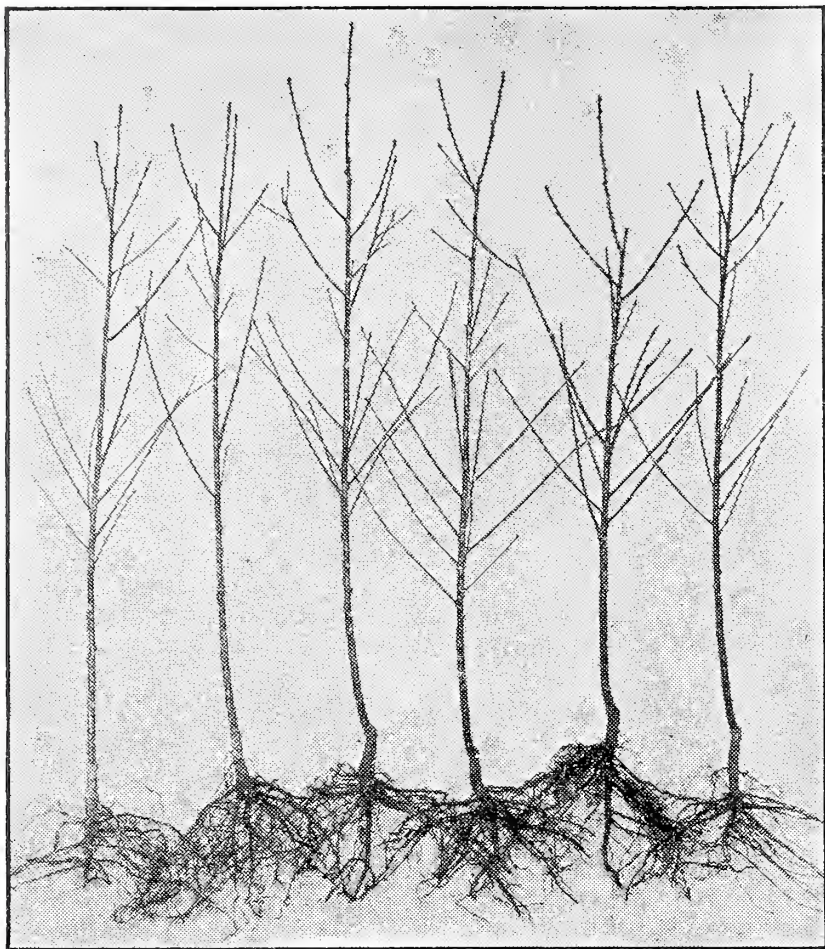
Ben Davis—Succeeds wherever apples are grown. There is no apple that has more favors on account of its hardiness, productiveness, beauty and endurance in shipping. It is excellent for cooking. The fruit is thick-skinned, does not show bruises easily and presents a good appearance in the package after being handled and shipped in the ordinary way. Nov. to Apr.

Smoke House—This grand apple is a great favorite in Pennsylvania and doesn't seem to be known much elsewhere. Tree a vigorous grower, healthy, hardy, and a reliable cropper. The fruit hangs well to the tree and is of good color and quality, uniform in size and shape. Oct. to Mar.

York Imperial—This fine, hardy, large, red winter apple has rapidly leaped into favor of late, and on account of its beauty has been in demand for shipment to Europe. It succeeds over a wide range of country. It comes into bearing at four years from planting, bears regularly and heavily. The foliage and fruit are remarkably free from scab. The fruit is of medium size, oblong, oblique smooth, skin yellow and almost wholly covered with two shades of red, the darker one disposed in distinct stripes; basin deep, cavity deep and narrow; stem short; flesh yellow, juicy, firm, sub-acid, good; season, late winter. A good shipper, bringing highest prices. Nov. to Feb.



Tolman Sweet Apple



Pomona Peach Trees 4 to 5 feet high, well rooted and branched

Reeves' Favorite—Yellow with beautiful red cheek
Tree fine and large; bears crop regularly.

Stump—Roundish, white, with bright red cheek;
flesh white, juicy and good. Late. Sept.

Sneed—Very early; fruit creamy white with crimson blush; productive; not inclined to rot.

Hill's Chili—Medium; deep yellow shaded with dark red. Hardy, vigorous and productive. Good market variety. First of Sept.

Kalamazoo—Large, golden yellow, with crimson cheek; flesh thick yellow, superb quality, small pit. Strong grower, early bearer, hardy and productive.

Salway—Large; deep yellow, red cheek. Flesh yellow, juicy. Oct.

Smock—Large size; light orange yellow with red cheek. Flesh yellow, juicy and rich. Oct.

Yellow St. John—One of the best of the early yellow varieties. Of medium size, orange yellow with a red blush on sunny side, flesh, tender, juicy and quality very good. Popular in many sections. Aug. 15th.

Greensboro—A valuable early white peach. Much larger in size than Alexander, ripening about the same time. July.

Select Varieties of Peaches

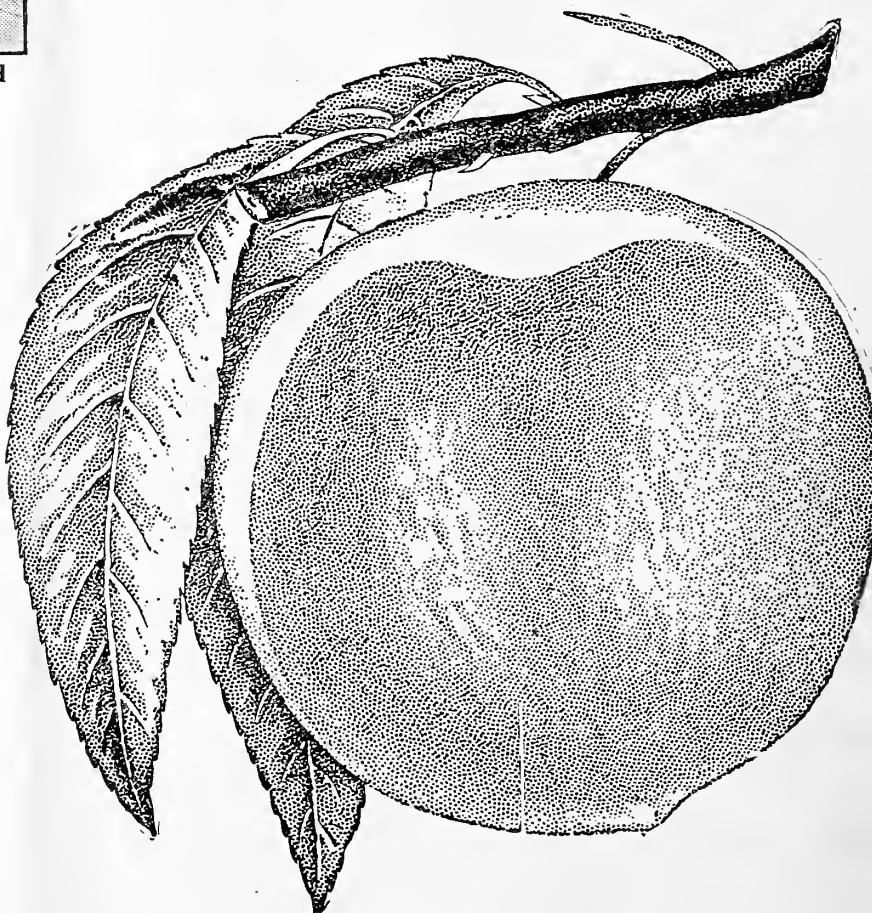
Peach trees are easily cultivated, their comparative freedom from disease, the short period before they become productive, with the immense demand for the fruit and the facilities with which it may be shipped to distant markets, make peach growing extremely profitable, and there are few kinds of fruits more highly prized and more keenly relished.

To secure healthy, vigorous and fruitful trees, the ground must be kept clean and mellow and it should receive an occasional dressing of wood ashes. It should be remembered that peaches are all borne on wood of the previous season's growth, and that this makes it absolutely necessary to prune the trees yearly, to remove dead branches and let in light and air, and keep the trees in good shape to produce bearing wood.

Triumph—Earliest yellow-flesh peach, with good eating and shipping qualities, sure and abundant bearer; strong, vigorous grower.

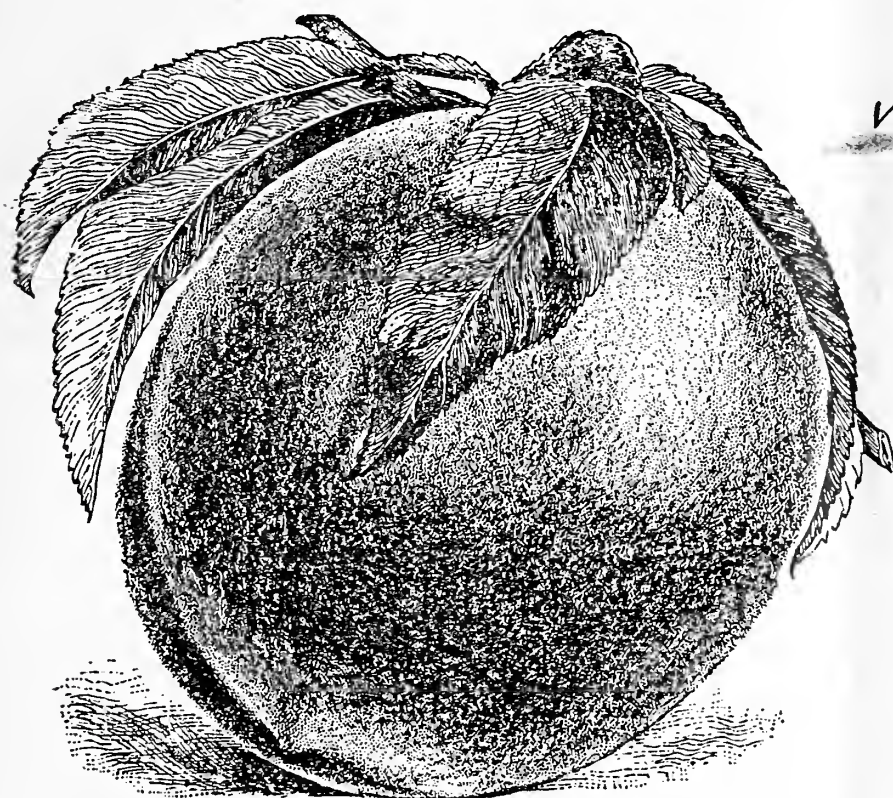
Willett—Bright yellow, mostly covered with red. Flesh juicy and rich. Sept. Freestone.

Gold Drop—Medium size; hardy, very productive, quality the best, early bearer. Last of Sept.



Carman—The Best Early Freestone Peach

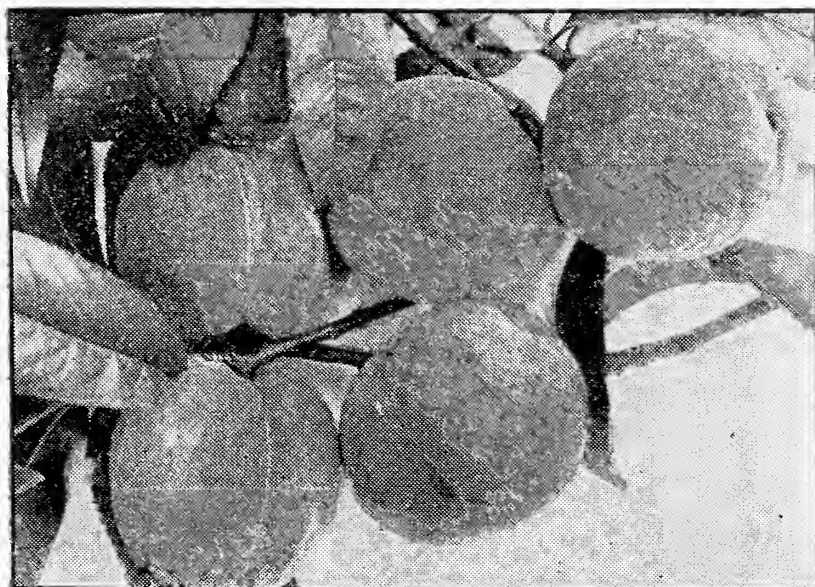
Pomona Prices for all varieties of Peach Trees, 4 to 5 feet high, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$8.50.



Elberta—The Most Profitable Market Peach

Elberta—A valuable, large peach of good quality. The best orchard variety, and valuable also for planting in the garden. Elberta is hardier in bud than many varieties, therefore a more uniform cropper. Elberta is large, yellow, with red cheek, juicy and high-flavored, flesh yellow; freestone. Season medium early, following quickly upon Early Crawford.

Early Rivers—Large; color creamy white, with a delicate pink cheek, flesh melting, with a remarkably rich, racy flavor. Middle of Aug.



Yellow St. John—The Best Early Yellow Freestone Peach

Foster—Large, deep orange red, becoming very dark red on the sunny side; flesh yellow, very rich and juicy.

✓ **Crosby Frost-proof Peach**—A fine, handsome, yellow peach, with remarkably small pit, that bears regular crops north of the peach belt. Quality delicious; season follows quickly after Early Crawford. Crosby is now so well known that it will be no experiment planting it.

Crawford's Early—A magnificent large yellow peach of good quality. Tree vigorous and prolific; its size, beauty and productiveness make it one of the most popular varieties. Season beginning of September. This valuable peach has long been a favorite for large size, beauty and quality of fruit. Most people when they buy peaches ask for Crawfords, knowing but little about any other variety. In past years this was the earliest peach, but now much earlier kinds are known, hence it is about mid-season in ripening. Everybody who plants peach trees plants Crawford's Early.

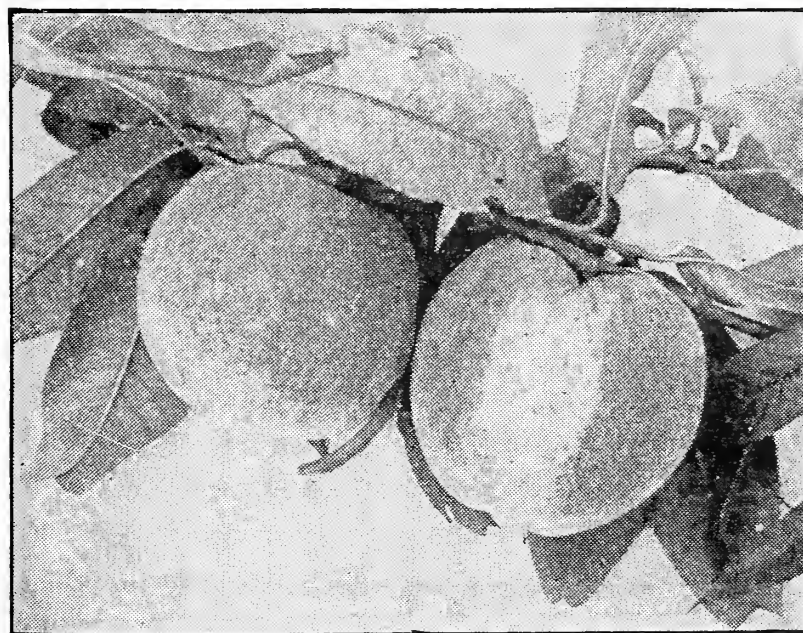
Beer's Smock—Large, yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow and of the very best quality for the season; a regular and enormous bearer, making it very desirable for market purposes. Sept.

Belle of Georgia—Large; white, with red cheek; flesh white, firm and of excellent flavor. Tree a rapid grower and very productive. Early July.

Early Canada—Originated in Canada. As early as the earliest. Of good size, fine quality and handsome appearance. July.

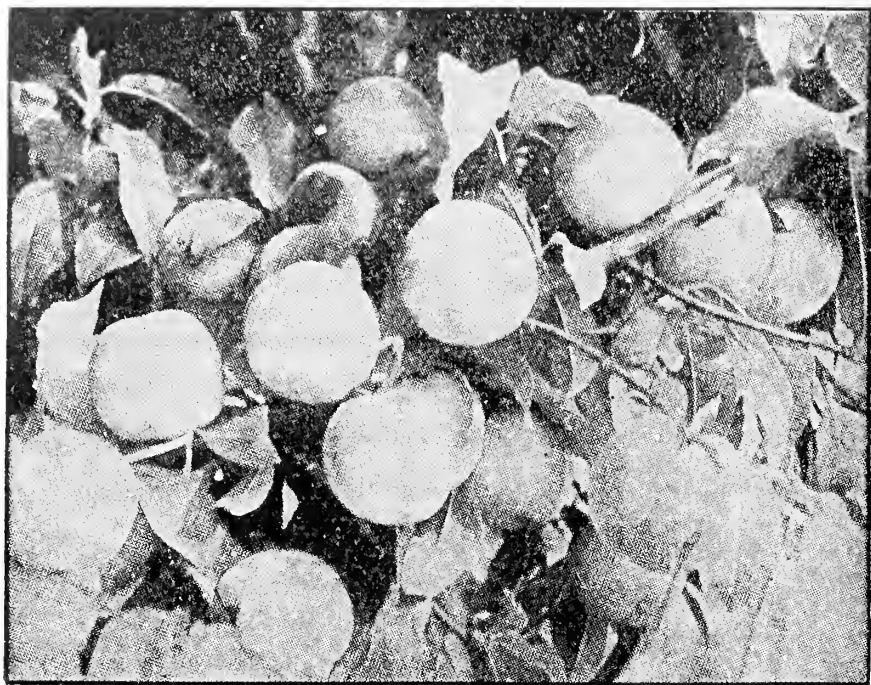
Old Mixon Free—Large pale creamy white, flushed and marbled red; exquisite flavor.

Banner—Fruit large, deep yellow with crimson cheek; flesh yellow, fine quality. A profitable late peach.



Champion Peaches (reduced)

Pomona Prices for all varieties of Peach Trees, 4 to 5 feet high, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$8.50.



Niagara—One of the Best Early Yellow Peaches

Champion—Tree and fruit buds extremely hardy—has stood eighteen degrees below zero and produced a full crop the following summer. The flavor is delicious, sweet, rich and juicy; skin creamy white with red cheek, strikingly handsome. A good shipper. Last of Aug.

Wager—Medium, yellow, good quality. Tree hardy and productive. A profitable late variety. Last of Sept.

Fitzgerald—Fully equal to Crawford's Early in size, quality and color, a very early bearer, hardy, succeeding in Canada and in Michigan perfectly; fruit large, brilliant yellow with red cheek; highest quality; ripens after Crawford's Early.



A Fruited Branch of Early Crawford Peaches

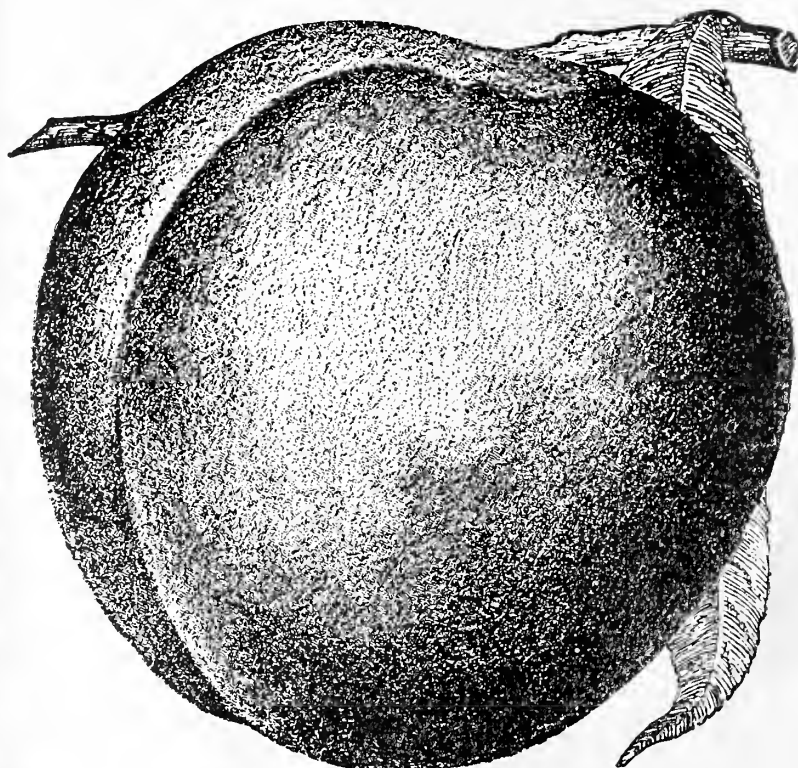
Niagara Peach—One of the best medium early yellow peaches that has been introduced for many years past is the Niagara. It originated in Niagara county, New York, and has been grown there for about ten years past, but only in a small way, until very lately. The fruit of the Niagara peach is much like that of Early Crawford in appearance, being large, oval, yellow with brilliant red cheeks. The flavor is rich and piquant, reminding one of the very best peaches he ever ate. The season is medium early, coming in just before Elberta.

Chair's Choice—Deep yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow and very firm. Oct.

Hiley—A large, early, white Peach highly colored on sun-exposed side. A profitable, commercial variety, very hardy in wood and bud.

Engle's Mammoth—Large, round, suture slight; yellow with red cheek; flesh yellow, stone small, free; sweet, rich, juicy.

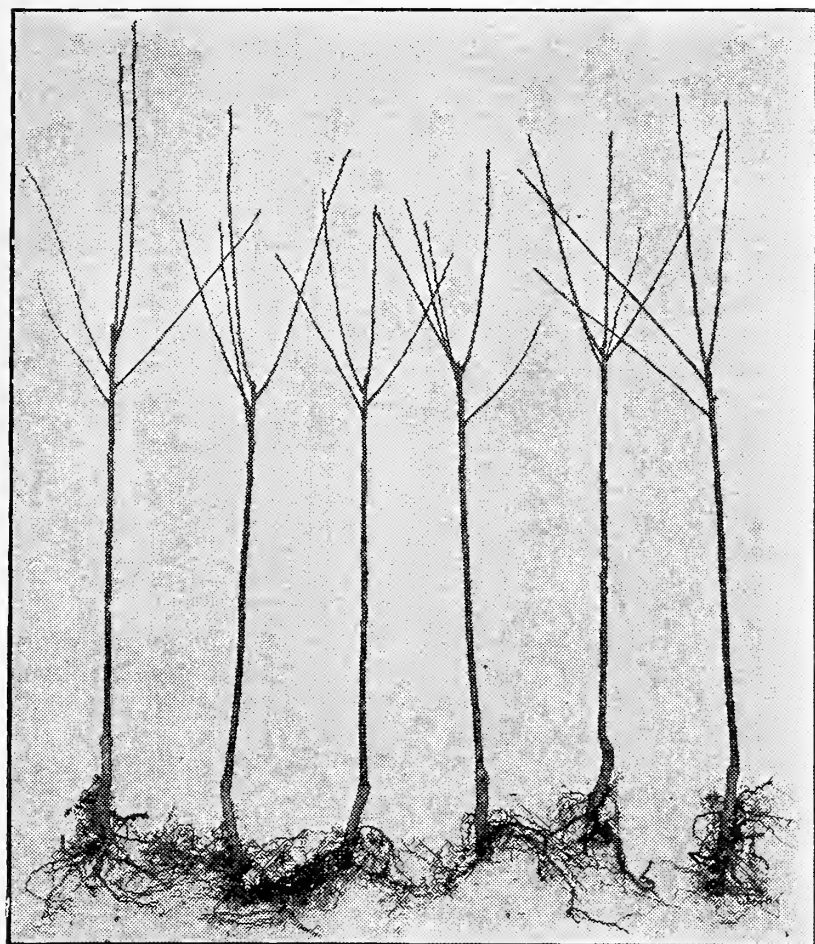
Crawford's Late—Of large size; skin yellow or greenish yellow, with dull red cheek; flesh yellow. Tree vigorous; moderately productive; one of the finest late sorts. Last of Sept.



Late Crawford Peach

Matthews' Beauty—Fruit large; ripens two weeks later than Elberta. Skin golden yellow, streaked with red; flesh yellow, firm, excellent flavor.

Carman—A very hardy peach, ripening at same time as Early Rivers, yet almost as large and fine as Elberta. Skin pale yellow with blush on sunny side; flesh white, tender, sweet and melting. Ships well. Middle of August.



Pomona Sweet Cherry Trees 3 to 4 feet high

Lambert—A valuable Sweet Cherry of the largest size. Skin dark purplish red, almost jet-black when ripe. Flesh firm, rich and juicy. Tree hardy, a strong grower and an enormous bearer.

Windsor—Fruit large; liver colored, resembling the Elkhorn, ripening a few days after that variety; flesh remarkably firm, of fine quality. Tree hardy and prolific. Vigorous. Middle of July.

Yellow Spanish—Large, pale yellow, with red cheek; firm, juicy and excellent; one of the best light colored cherries; productive. Last of June.

Rockport—Fruit large, heart-shaped; skin pale amber; sweet and excellent. July.

Schmidt's Bigarreau—Black; flesh dark, firm. Very productive. July.

Black Heart (Black Ox Heart)—An old variety; deep black; flesh tender, juicy, sweet. July.

Black Russian—Fruit large; deep black; flesh solid and firm. Last of July.

Mercer—Tree very hardy. Fruit dark red, larger than Black Tartarian. End of June.

Royal Ann (Napoleon)—A valuable cherry of the largest size. Pale yellow, with bright red cheek; very firm, juicy and sweet; valuable for canning.

Sweet Varieties of Cherries

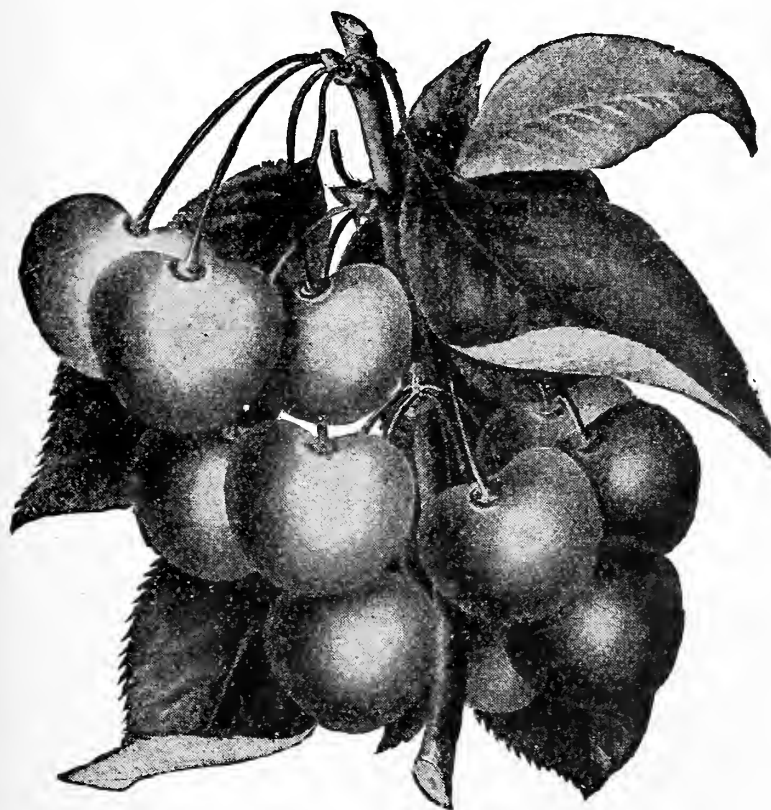
The fruit of which is heart-shaped with tender, sweet flesh and the trees rapid growers. With my experience in growing cherries I by all means urge every owner of a home with a little space to plant Sweet Cherry Trees. No fruit is more liked by members of the family than this delightful fruit when fresh picked, stewed or preserved.

Napoleon Cherry—Fruit very large, oblong, pale yellow with a bright red cheek in the sun. Flesh very hardy, brittle, reddish at stone, juicy and sweet. Tree a vigorous and erect grower, very productive. Early in July.

Bing—One of the most delicious Sweet Cherries grown. Tree very hardy and vigorous with heavy foliage. It succeeds in the East better than most sweet varieties. Fruit is large, dark brown or black and of very fine quality. Bing is a good shipper and should be planted with Lambert for commercial purposes.

Black Tartarian—Very large; bright purplish black; half tender; juicy, very rich. Tree a remarkably vigorous and erect grower, and an immense bearer. One of the most popular varieties in all parts of the country. Ripe last of June.

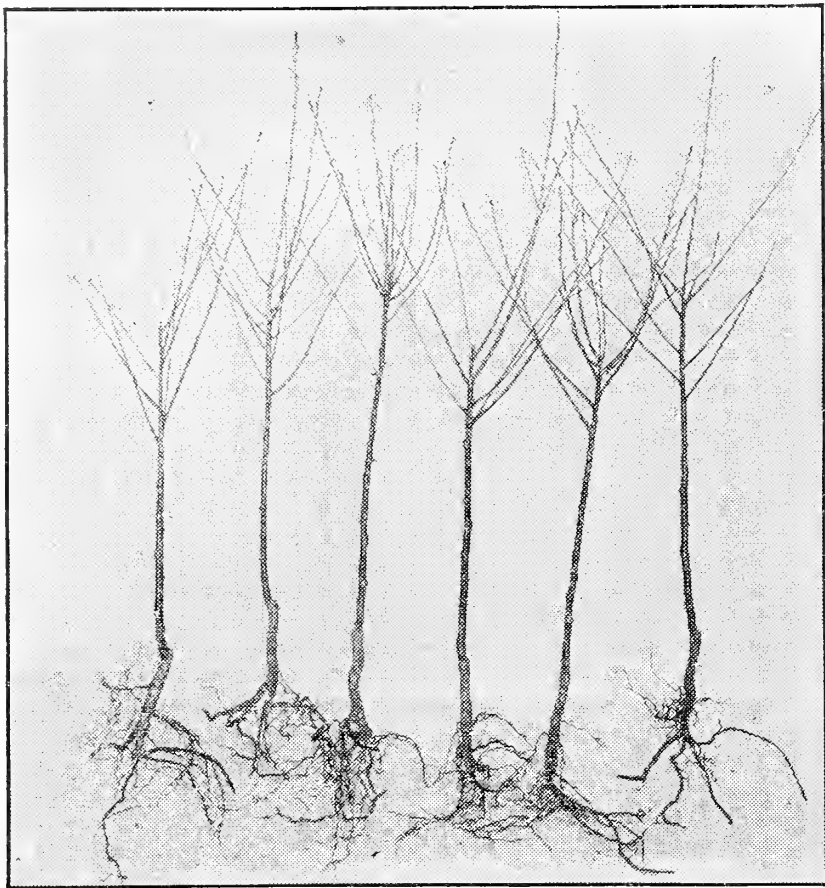
Gov. Wood—One of the best. Clear, light red; tender and delicious. Tree vigorous and productive. End of June.



Napoleon Cherries (reduced one-half)

Pomona Prices for all varieties of Sweet Cherry Trees, 2 Yr., 3 to 4 ft. high, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$10.00.

Select Varieties of Sour Cherries



Pomona Sour Cherry Trees, 3 to 4 ft. high, well rooted and branched

Baldwin—Of the Morello type; round, slightly sub-acid, sweetest and richest. A fine upright grower, remarkable for earliness, hardiness and productivity. June.

Dyehouse—A very early and sure bearer, ripens a week before Early Richmond. For tarts, pies and canning it has no equal for home use. June.

May Duke—Large red; juicy and rich; an old, excellent variety; vigorous, productive. June 15.

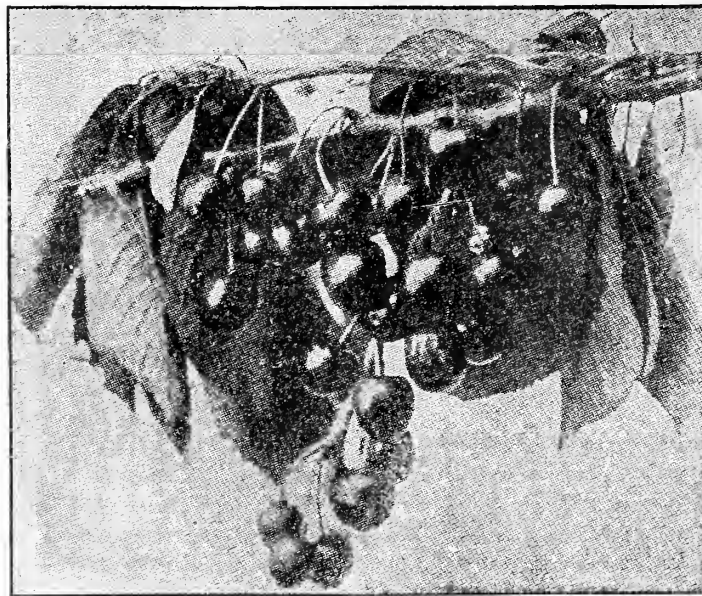


What's More Attractive than a Cherry Orchard in Full Bloom

The Cherry grows best on gravelly soil, and there attains its highest perfection, but will do very well in almost any situation except a wet one. It is one of the most ornamental of all fruit trees which, with its delicious and refreshing fruit, makes it very desirable for planting near the dwelling, where beauty and shade, as well as fruit, are so desirable.

The absence of Sour Cherries and the small amount of Sweet kinds offered in our markets is becoming more noticeable every year. Why, we do not know, considering the desirability of this fruit. In some sections there were more cherries grown twenty years ago than there are now.

Early Richmond—One of the most valuable and popular cherries, unsurpassed for cooking purposes. It is the good old variety that yields such marvelous crops in the gardens. The most hardy of all varieties, uninjured by the coldest winters. Tree slender in growth, with a roundish spreading head, exceedingly productive. Ripens through June. The cherry tree bears almost every year, and is an easy fruiter. For many years Dansville has been the largest cherry growing section of the U. S., while the majority of nurserymen are buyers instead of growers.

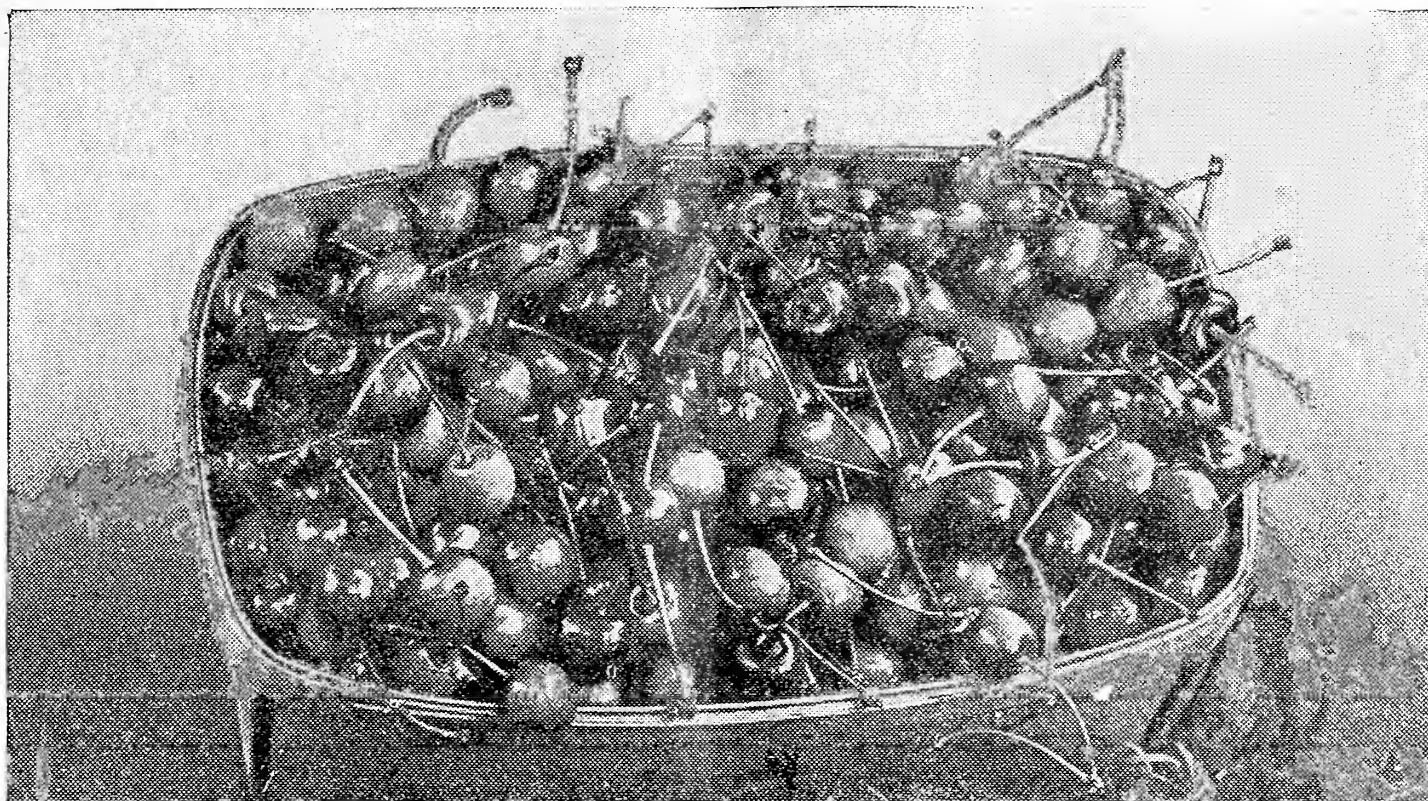


Early Richmond Cherries (reduced)

CHERRIES

Under the tree the farmer said,
Smiling and shaking his wise old head:
"Cherries are ripe! but then, you know,
There's the grass to be cut and the corn to hoe;
We can gather the cherries any day,
But when the sun shines we must make our hay;
Tonight, when the work has all been done,
We'll muster the boys, for fruit and fun."

Pomona Price for all varieties of Sour Cherry Trees, 2 Yr., 3 to 4 ft. high, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$8.50.



A Basket of English Morello Cherries (reduced)

English Morello—The most valuable late cherry. Easily grown, producing a heavy crop every year. Fruit dark red, quality good, with a rich, acid flavor; late. Tree very hardy, for extremely cold latitudes. It is one of the few varieties that seems to succeed well with neglect. Birds do not bother it, May bugs shun it, rot is unknown to it, all in all it is one of the safest cherries to plant. Early Richmond, Montmorency and English Morello make a very fine combination to plant, ripening in the order named.

Ostheime—Very hardy, fruit large and roundish. Flesh is liver colored, tender, juicy and almost sweet, although a sub-acid Cherry. Quality good. Middle of July.

Vladimir—A Russian variety. Hardy, strong grower, very productive, sub-acid, of excellent quality, juicy.

Reine Hortense—Large, bright red, vigorous, productive, delicious.

Olivet—A tree of this variety should be in every garden. The fruit is very large, has a shining deep red color; tender, mild sub-acid flavor, Finest table and canning Cherry you can get. Ripens in June.

Louis Phillippe—Large, dark red; flesh tender, mildly acid, good to best. Mid-July.

Wragg—A Russian variety. One of the hardiest cherries, vigorous and productive, medium size, dark purple, fine quality and has produced annual crops at the northernmost limit.

Montmorency Ordinaire—The most popular of all hardy cherries for market and home use. This cherry is planted largely in all parts of the country. The fruit is in great demand by canning factories and others, and sells at fancy prices. Montmorency has been growing in popularity all over the country each year, so that it has been almost impossible to grow trees fast enough to keep up with the demand. It is of large size, light red in color, stem rather short. The tree is very hardy and a vigorous grower.



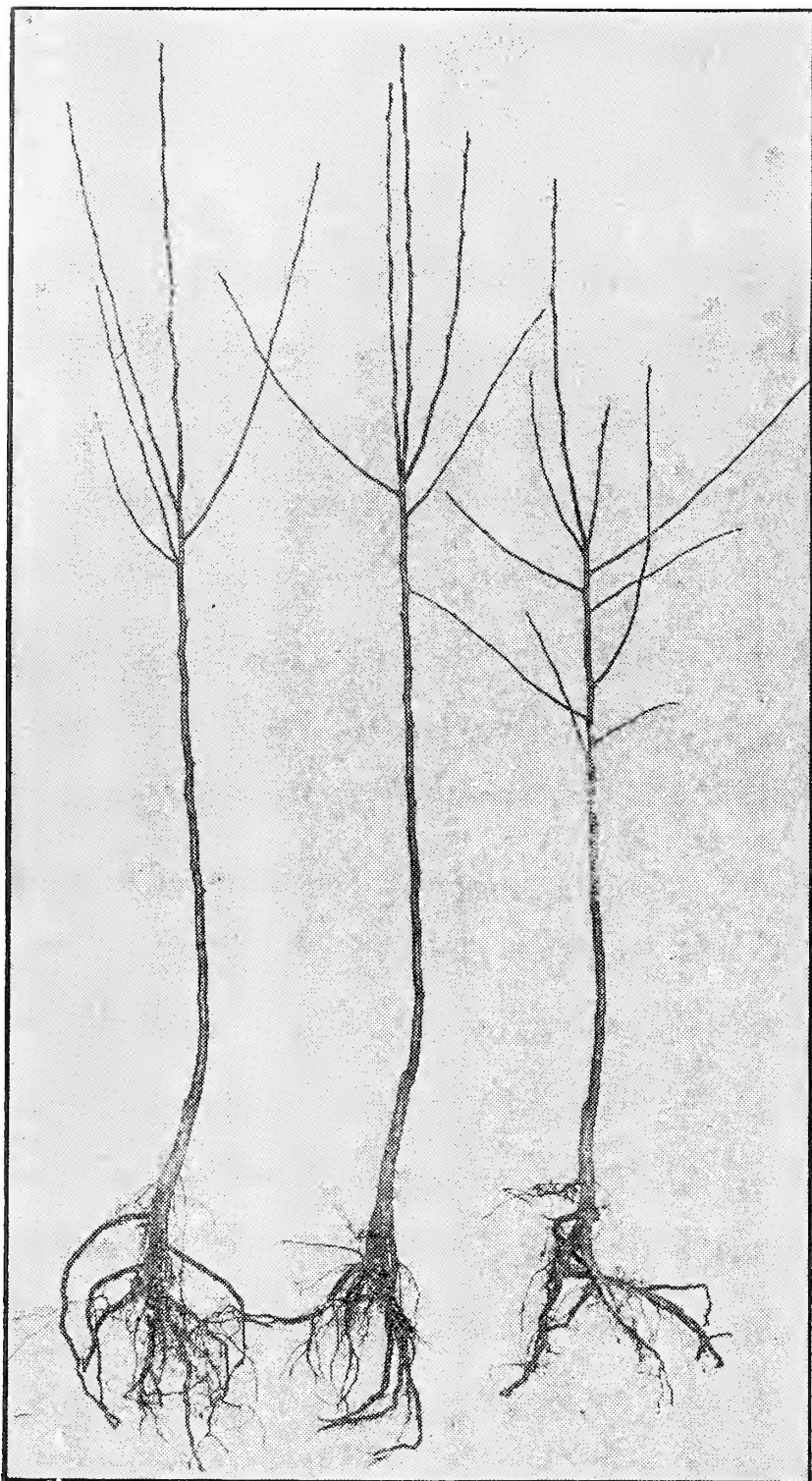
Montmorency Cherries

Select Varieties of Pears

Standard Pears prefer a strong loam, but succeed well in a great variety of soils, and upon almost any land that will produce good crops of grain.

The value of a dozen or more pear trees about the house furnish a daily supply for the family and help to make the home attractive.

Bartlett—Large, coloring when fully ripe to waxen yellow with red blush; juicy, melting, highly flavored. The tree bears early and abundantly. May be grown either as dwarf or standard, but succeeds best as standard. Aug. and Sept.

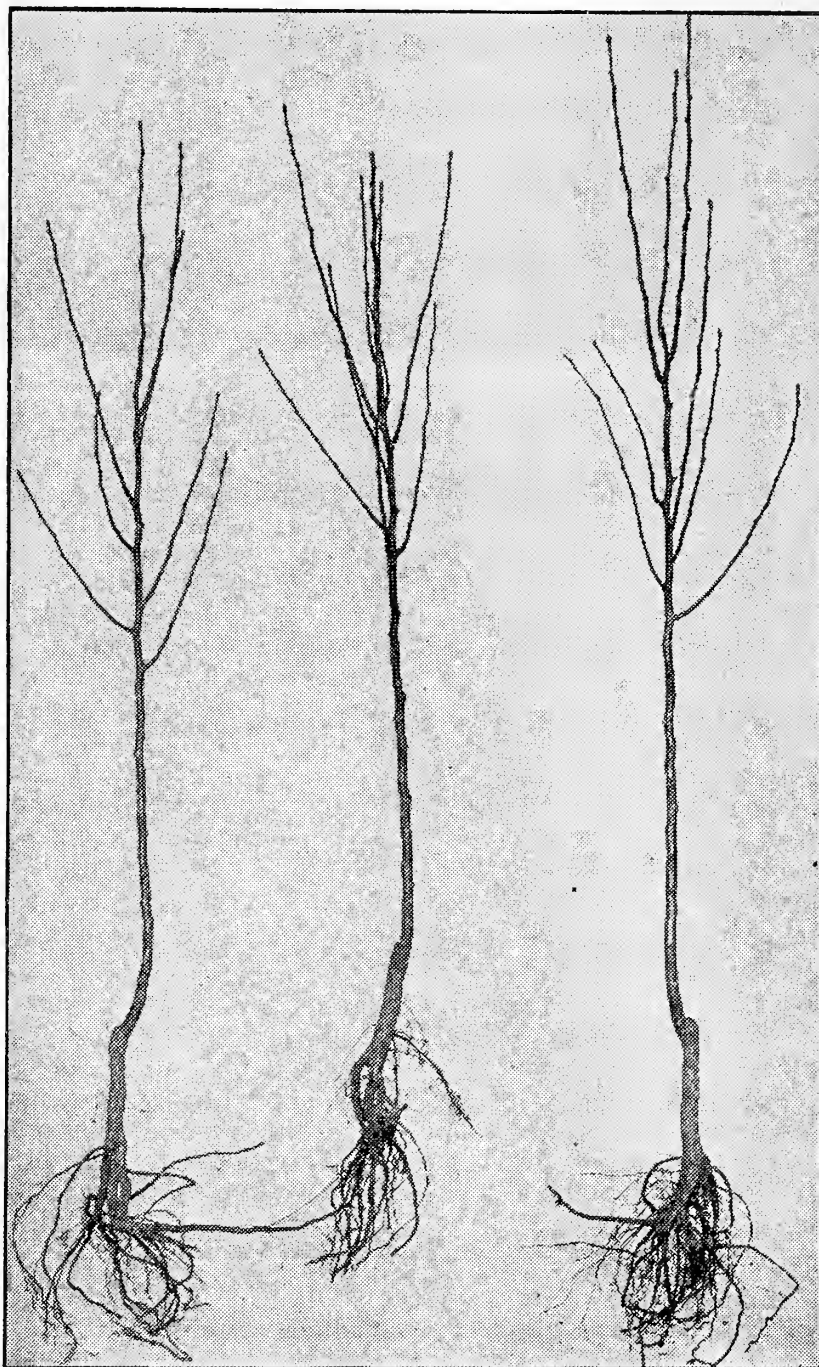


Pomona Bartlett Pear Trees, 2 Year, 4 to 5 feet, well rooted and branched

Kieffer—A vigorous grower, an early and regular bearer and very productive, fruit large, rich yellow, tinged with red, somewhat russety, flesh white, buttery and juicy. Good canning pear. Oct.

Buerre Clairgeau—Very large; light yellow, shaded with crimson and russet; an early and abundant bearer. Jan.

Howell—Large size; light-waxen yellow, sweet and melting; excellent quality; a strong and hardy grower and good bearer. Sept. to Oct.



Pomona Pear Trees, 2 year, 4 to 5 feet, well rooted and branched

Pomona Price for all varieties of Standard Pear Trees, 2 Yr., 4 to 5 ft. high, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$9.00



A Kieffer Pear Orchard Five Years After Planting

Lawrence—Above medium size, yellow, tender and melting; quality best; one of the best winter pears. In season during mid-winter.

Garber—Earlier than Kieffer; large and much better quality; free from blight, very hardy, immensely productive, bears young; excellent for canning and preserving. Sept. to Oct.

Sheldon—Large size; roundish; greenish yellow, mostly covered with thin light russet; very juicy, melting, sweet and vinous; a fine grower and good bearer. Oct. to Nov.

Duchess d' Angouleme—Very large; of greenish yellow, with patches of yellow and a dull red cheek; a vigorous and a strong grower and a good bearer while quite young. Oct. to Nov.

President Drouard—Highly recommended for its rich flavor and great keeping qualities. Tree a vigorous grower. Fruit large and handsome; melting and juicy. Mar. to May.

Louise Bonne de Jersey—Large size, pale green in the shade but overspread with brownish red in the sun; very juicy and melting with a rich and excellent flavor. Sept. to Oct.

Tyson—Medium size; deep yellow at full maturity, slightly russet, with a crimson cheek; melting, juicy and fine flavored; a vigorous and rapid grower. Aug.

Seckel—Small size; yellowish russet, with red cheek; flesh whitish, buttery, very juicy and melting. The richest and finest variety known and extensively planted. A prolific bearer. Sept. to Oct.

Flemish Beauty—Large size; greenish yellow and brown; rich and juicy. An old and highly esteemed variety; a strong grower and a great bearer; hardy and desirable. Sept. to Oct.

Rossney—Ripens about two weeks after Bartlett, averages larger, excellent keeper and shipper, uniform size, shape and color. Tree a vigorous grower.

Anjou—One of the best known, most popular and profitable late pears. The tree is a vigorous grower, hardy and prolific; of large size, green in color, but often yellowing when thoroughly ripe. For late fall and early winter use, there is no better variety. Oct. to Jan.

Worden-Seckel—Color, bright red on one side and light golden on the other. Very hardy; bears young, and is an enormous producer; ripens just after Seckel; a splendid keeper.

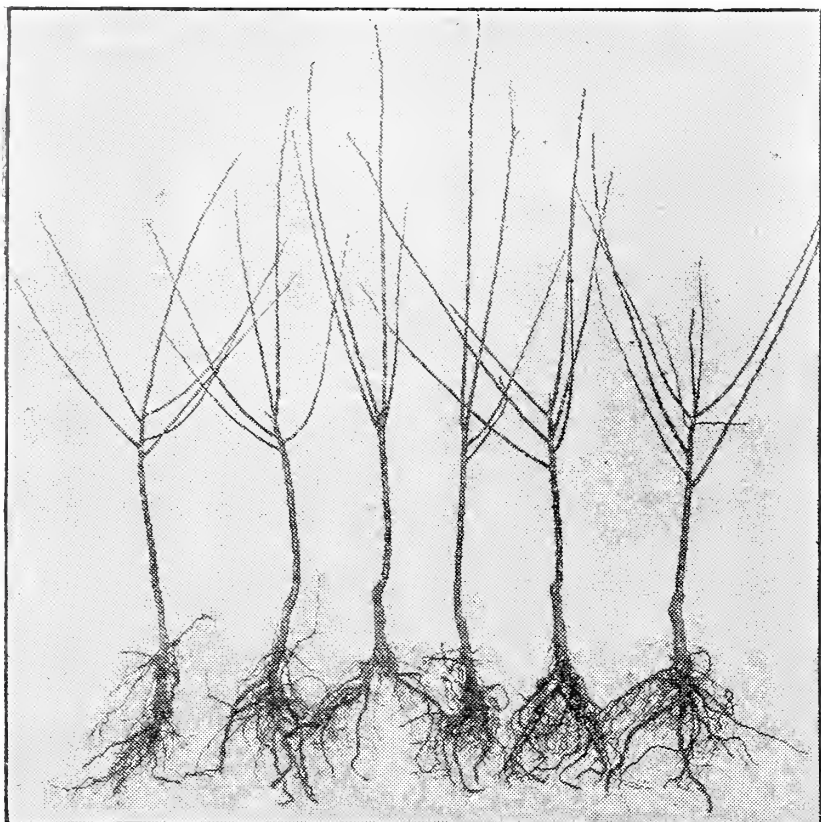
Clapp's Favorite—Large size; pale lemon yellow; flesh fine grained, juicy, melting, rich and buttery, earlier than Bartlett and resembling the Flemish Beauty in

growth. It is equally hardy with Flemish Beauty; a good grower and productive. Care should be taken to pick the fruit at least ten days before it would ripen upon the tree. Aug. and Sept.

Wilder—Handsome, melting, sweet, pleasant, with small core, fine grained, tender and juicy. Greenish yellow with brownish red cheeks. Aug.



Clapp's Favorite Pear



Pomona Plum Trees 2 Year, 3 to 4 feet, well rooted and branched

Japanese Varieties of Plums

Burbank—The largest, and best of the Japanese plums. Trees thrifty, free from black knot and other diseases, and perfectly hardy. Last of August or first of September.

Climax—Color of flesh yellow, sweet and delicious with a pineapple fragrance. Tree a vigorous grower, very productive.

Wickson—Large; carmine; flesh sweet. The stone is small and the flesh of fine texture, firm, sugary and delicious. One of the largest plums grown. Sept.

October Purple—Fruit large; dark maroon; fine flavor. Tree good grower. Middle of Sept.

Satsuma—Large; purplish red; flesh juicy, dark red. Hardy and vigorous. Aug.

European Varieties of Plums

Shropshire Damson—An English Plum of great merit for preserving. Large, and much more desirable than the common Damson. Tree vigorous grower, hardy and abundant bearer. Oct.

Coe's Golden Drop—A large light yellow plum; flesh firm, rich and sweet. Valuable on account of its large size and fine appearance. Last of Sept.

Geuii—Very large; deep bluish purple; covered with thick bloom; flesh yellowish green, sweet and pleasant. Great bearer and very early; tree hardy and rapid grower. First to middle of Sept.

Select Varieties of Plums

Plums are hardy and grow vigorously in nearly all sections, succeeding on any soil that grows good corn or potatoes. Plum trees are planted about as far apart as peaches; that is, from 15 to 18 feet apart each way. Many growers prefer to plant them closer one way than the other, and eventually to stop cultivation in one direction. If this system is used they may be placed 18 to 20 feet apart one way, and from 10 to 12 feet the other way. The trees are pruned the same way that apple trees are, when planted.

Red June—Tree strong and spreading, immensely productive, and comes into bearing in two or three years, brilliant red. Last of July.

Abundance—The popular plum. Tree, thrifty, hardy, and beautiful; fruit large, showy and good, richly perfumed. The editor of *The Rural New Yorker* writes: "From one little Abundance tree we picked ten pecks of fruit. The quality is excellent. When fully ripe they are full of juice. The flesh is tender and there is mingled with the plum a peach flavor that is refreshing and agreeable." August 4th, 1895, *The Rural New Yorker* said: "The Abundance Japan Plum tree on our grounds is a sight to behold. The branches are wreaths of fruit, and they as well as the tree itself are held up by props and ropes. Here we have Abundance loaded with beautiful fruit, while not a precaution has been taken to destroy the curculio. First of August.



Burbank Plum

Pomona Price for all varieties of Plum Trees, 2 Year, 3 to 4 feet high, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$9.00.

Select Varieties of European Plums

Imperial Gage—Of medium size; oval; greenish; flesh juicy, rich and delicious; parts from stone. Tree a vigorous grower; very productive and one of the best of plums. Middle of Aug.

York State Prune (The Dansville Prune)—One of the largest, best in quality and most productive of all plums, large size; color dark blue, covered with purple black; delicious; freestone, last of Aug.; originated at Dansville, N. Y., a vigorous grower and hardy.

✓ **Thanksgiving Hardy Prune**—Very productive, good quality and long keeper. It will keep for weeks and months after picking like an apple.

Hungarian Prune (Ponds Seedling)—Very large, dark red, juicy and sweet. Its large size, bright color, productiveness and shipping qualities render it a profitable variety for home or distant markets. Sept.

Yellow Egg—Very large and beautiful; yellow; a little coarse, but excellent for cooking. Vigorous and productive. Aug.

Yellow Gage—Fruit large; flesh deep yellow, rich, sugary and melting. Tree very vigorous and productive. Middle of Aug.

Shipper's Pride—Very productive. Fruit of large size and nearly round; color handsome dark purple; quality fine, juicy and sweet; excellent for canning; a good shipper. Middle of Sept.

German Prune—Of medium size; oval; purple or blue; rich, juicy, fine. Tree vigorous and very productive. Sept.

Tatge—Evidently a seedling of the Lombard. Is larger, more nearly round, darker color and finer quality than that well known and excellent variety. Claimed to be the hardiest, most productive and longest-lived plum known.

Washington—This is one of the finest and most popular plums. Fruit very large, roundish oval; skin yellow, with a slight crimson blush in well ripened specimens; flesh very sweet. Tree vigorous and very productive. Last of Aug.

Niagara—Of large size and first rate flavor; color dark blue. Good bearer; not liable to rot. Ripens about Aug. 1st.

Pond's Seedling—A magnificent plum; light red, changing to violet; flesh rather coarse. Tree a vigorous grower and most abundant bearer. One of the most attractive in cultivation. Sept.

Moore's Arctic—Skin purplish black, with a thin blue bloom; flesh greenish yellow, juicy, sweet and of pleasant flavor. "The hardiest plum grown, and free from black knot. Tree healthy, vigorous; an early and abundant bearer." Sept.

Roosevelt—Fruit large, color purple, good quality and unexcelled for eating and canning.

Fellemborg (French or Italian Prune)—The finest quality prune; oval; purple; flesh juicy and delicious; parts from stone; fine for drying. Tree a free grower and very productive. Sept.

Grand Duke (New)—A valuable late plum as large as the Bradshaw, entirely free from rot and ripening latter part of Sept.

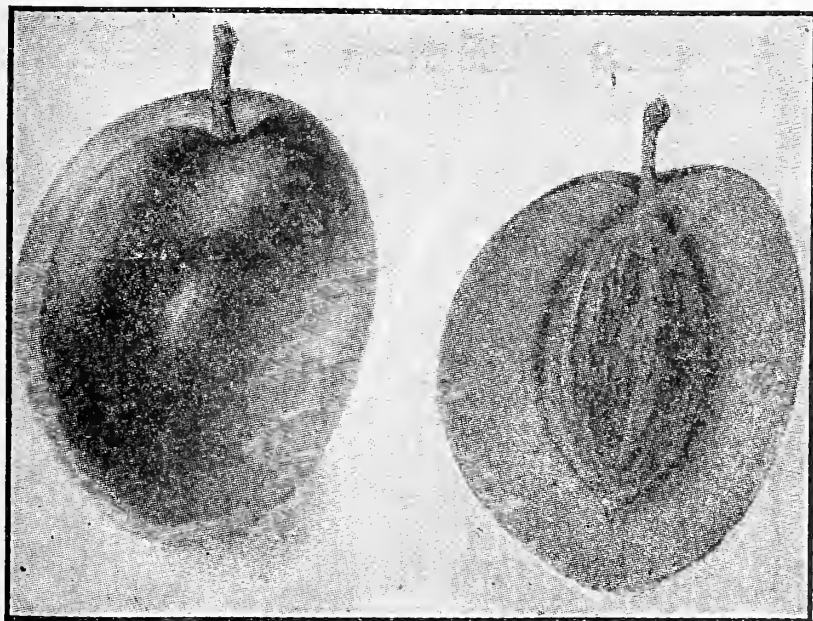
Green Gage—Of the highest quality. Tree a moderate grower. Sept.

Lombard—A favorite with plum growers, of medium size; oval violet red; flesh yellow, juicy and pleasant. Tree very vigorous, a great bearer, and peculiarly well adapted to light soils. In my experience it outyields all other varieties, yet all varieties of Plums are remarkably productive. The fruit usually hangs so thick that one should thin out one half. The more you thin it the larger and better the fruit. Sept.

Monarch—Of the largest size, even larger than Grand Duke; brilliant bluish purple. Free from rot and disease, and of extra good quality. One of the very best for home or market. Sept.

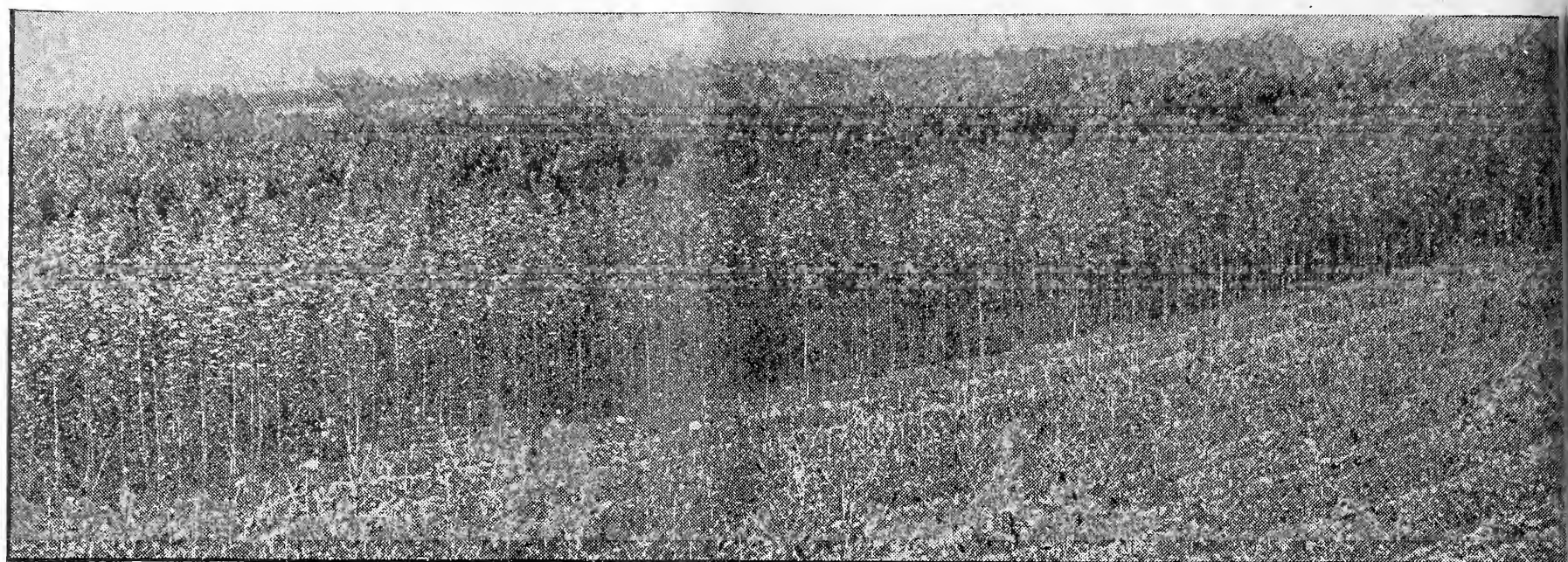
Bradshaw—A fine early plum; very large; dark violet red; juicy and good. Tree erect and vigorous. As regards productiveness it has no equal. To produce the finest fruit heavy thinning should be practiced. The quality is excellent, and is destined to become one of the most popular Plums for canning. This plum is very largely planted throughout Western New York. Valuable for market and home use. Aug.

Beauty of Naples—Large size; color greenish yellow; flesh firm, juicy and very fine flavored. Tree very hardy and prolific. Middle of Sept.



York State Prune

Pomona Price for all varieties of Plum Trees, 2 Year, 3 to 4 Feet high, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$9.00.



Pomona Fruit Trees direct from Nursery

Pomona Special Collections of Fruit Trees

POMONA APPLE TREE COLLECTION NO. 1

12 Trees 4 to 6 ft. for \$1.00

2 Baldwin	2 R. I. Greening
2 McIntosh	2 Wealthy
2 King	2 Northern Spy

Pomona Price \$1.00. Others Charge \$2.00

POMONA CURRANT COLLECTION NO. 7

12 Currant Bushes, 2 yr. for \$.75

3 Fay	2 Red Cross
3 Wilder	2 Champion
2 White Grape	

Pomona Price \$.75. Others Charge \$1.50

POMONA PLUM TREE COLLECTION NO. 3

12 Trees 3 to 4 ft. for \$1.00

2 Burbank Plums	2 German Prunes
2 Abundance Plums	2 Guei
2 Lombard	2 York State Prune

Pomona Price \$1.00. Others Charge \$2.00

POMONA APPLE TREE COLLECTION NO. 9

12 Apple Trees 4 to 6 ft. for \$1.00

1 Baldwin	1 McIntosh	1 R. I. Greening
1 Duchess	1 King	1 Delicious
1 N. Spy	1 Wagener	1 Maiden Blush
1 Wealthy	1 Am. Blush	1 Grimes Golden

Pomona Price \$1.00. Others Charge \$2.00

POMONA PEACH TREE COLLECTION NO. 5

12 Trees 4 to 5 ft. for \$1.00

2 Elberta	2 Ea. Crawford
2 Late Crawford	2 Carman
2 Chairs Choice	2 Niagara

Pomona Price \$1.00. Others Charge \$2.00

POMONA PEAR TREE COLLECTION NO. 2

12 Trees 4 to 5 ft. for \$1.00

2 Anjou	2 Flemish Beauty
2 Bartlett	2 Seckel
2 Clapps Favorite	2 Kieffer

Pomona Price \$1.00. Others Charge \$2.00

When Ordering the Pomona Special

to Planter at one price---10 Cents Each and Plants for the Garden and Orchard

POMONA CHERRY TREE COLLECTION NO. 4

12 Trees 3 to 4 ft. for \$1.00

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 2 Eng. Morello | 2 Montmorency |
| 2 Early Richmond | 1 Bing |
| 2 Dyehouse | 1 Blk. Tartarian |
| 1 Napoleon | 1 Lambert |

Pomona Price \$1.00. Others Charge \$2.00

POMONA GRAPE COLLECTION NO. 6

12 2 yr. Grape Vines for \$1.00

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 3 Concord | 2 Worden |
| 2 Niagara | 2 Diamond |
| 1 Brighton | 2 Delaware |

Pomona Price \$1.00. Others Charge \$2.00

POMONA GARDEN COLLECTION NO. 8

12 Assorted Trees 4 to 5 ft. \$1.00

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| 2 Montmorency Cherry | 1 Eng. Morello |
| 1 Burbank Plum | 1 Anjou Pear |
| 2 York State Prune | 1 Bartlett Pear |
| 1 Elberta Peach | 1 Carman Peach |
| 1 Delicious Apple | 1 McIntosh |

All trees 4 to 5 ft. well rooted and branched.

Pomona Price \$1.00. Others Charge \$2.00

POMONA PEACH TREE COLLECTION NO. 10

10 Peach Trees 4 to 5 ft. for \$1.00

- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1 Elberta | 1 Champion |
| 1 Carman | 1 Beer's Smock |
| 1 Ea. Crawford | 1 Late Crawford |
| 1 Chair's Choice | 1 Niagara |
| 1 Hiley | 1 Yellow St. John |

Pomona Price \$1.00. Others Charge \$2.00

POMONA PEAR TREE COLLECTION NO. 11

12 Pear Trees 4 to 5 ft. for \$1.00

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 2 Bartlett | 1 Clapp's Favorite |
| 2 Seckel | 2 Anjou |
| 1 Flemish Beauty | 2 Keiffer |
| 1 Rossney | 1 Wilder Early |

Pomona Price \$1.00. Others Charge \$2.00

POMONA APPLE AND PEACH TREE COLLECTION NO. 12

12 Trees 4 to 5 ft. for \$1.00

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1 Elberta Peach | 1 Baldwin Apple |
| 1 Niagara Peach | 1 Wealthy |
| 1 Carman Peach | 1 McIntosh Apple |
| 1 Early Crawford | 1 King Apple |
| 1 Late Crawford | 1 Wagener Apple |
| 1 Beer's Smock | 1 Northern Spy |

Pomona Price \$1.00 Others Charge \$2.00

den Collection Please Order by Number

Select Varieties of Quince

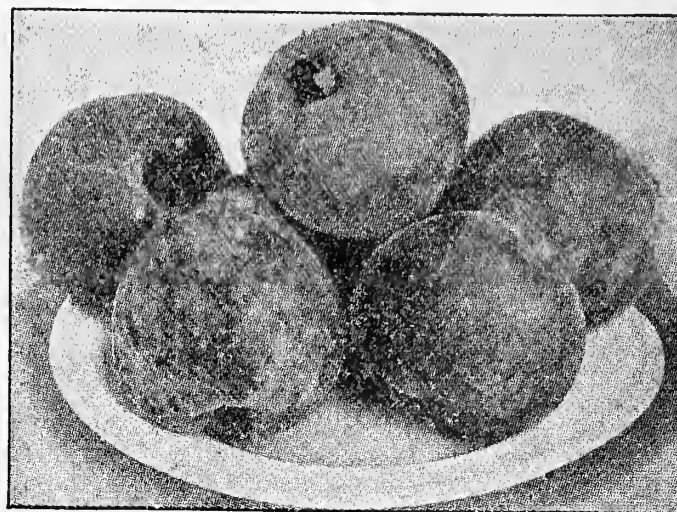
Orange—Large; roundish, of a bright golden yellow color, flesh firm and tough until cooked, when it becomes tender, juicy and of excellent flavor. Tree has rather slender shoots and oval leaves; very productive. This is the variety most extensively cultivated for the fruit. Ripe in Oct.

Rea (Rea's Mammoth)—A large and fine variety of the Orange Quince. Rich and aromatic, one of the largest and handsomest. Bears young. A strong grower and productive.

Van Deman—A strong grower, the hardiest, surest and youngest bearer. Fruit golden, big, fine flavored. Tree productive.

Champion—A good variety, but ripens rather late for some sections. One of the best for sections not subject to early frosts.

Meech's Prolific—A large, late ripening variety; one of the best.



A Plate of Orange Quince

Pomona Price for all varieties of Quince Bushes, 2 to 3 ft., 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$10.00.

Select Apricots

The leading characteristics of the apricots are extreme hardiness, early bearing, productiveness, and freedom from disease. Every garden should have one or more trees. In the selection of choice garden fruits it is quite indispensable. It succeeds well trained against a house wall, fence or trellis, leaving the open ground for other trees. In cold sections, too, where the trees get winter killed, or the blossoms injured by the late spring frosts, trees can easily be protected by mat or board screens. I offer all hardy varieties as follows:

Alexis—Large, yellow, red blush, sub-acid, rich; good quality.

Gibb—Medium, roundish, very light yellow, sub-acid.

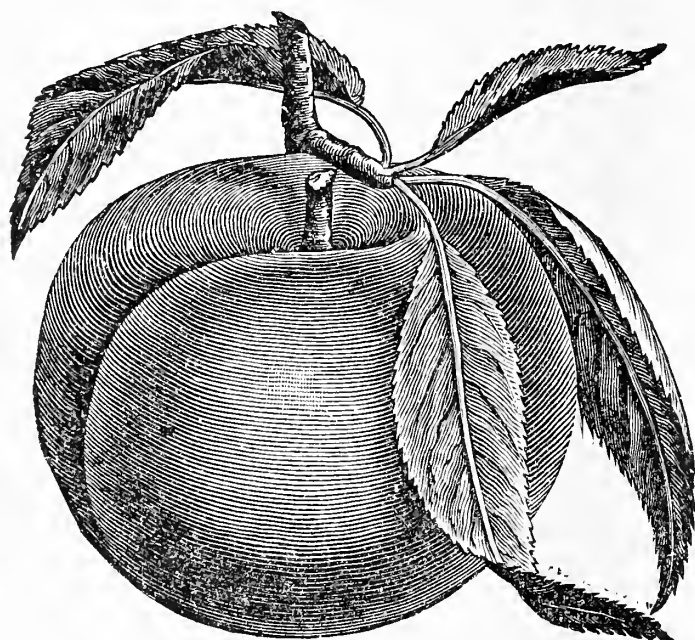
Moorpark—Large size surface orange-red with a deep orange-red cheek with a rich, high flavor.

Budd—Yellow with fine red cheek, sweet, juicy. Tree a good grower and very productive.

Harris—Medium, hardy, productive, bright yellow with red cheek, juicy and good.

Montgamet—Deep yellow, one of the best for preserving. Sub-acid and of good quality.

St. Ambroise—One of the largest and finest apricots, ripening early in August.



Alexander Apricot

Pomona Price for all varieties of Apricot Trees, 2 to 3 ft., 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00.

Select Varieties of Dwarf Pear

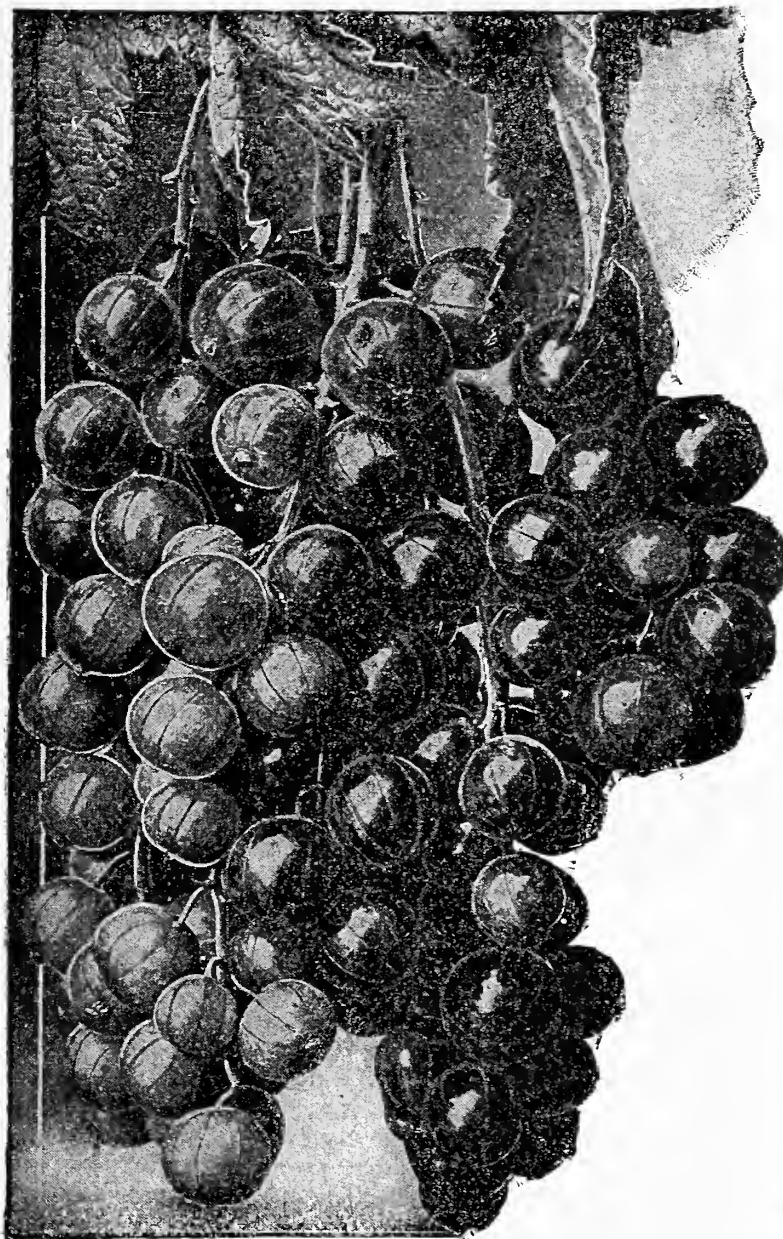
Dwarf pear trees often bear fruit the same year planted, and the trees occupy but little room in the garden. They can be planted very closely together and kept headed back. There is scarcely a city or town lot so small that room cannot be found for a few dwarf fruit trees. Their hardiness makes it possible for anybody, anywhere, to produce delicious fruits. I am confident that if my patrons were to spend hours choosing from local nurseries or the agent's catalogues, they would not find an equal number of varieties that possessed more valuable features for the home or market than those offered in this list.

I offer the following list of superior varieties of Dwarf pear trees. These are about all the varieties that will succeed as Dwarf trees. (See description of these on other pages.)

Bartlett, Seckel, Clapp's Favorite, Clairgeau, Duchess, Kieffer, Lawrence, Louise Bonne, Flemish Beauty and Wilder Early.

Pomona Price for all varieties of Dwarf Pear Trees, 2 year, 3 to 4 ft., 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00.





Fay's Prolific Currant

Select Varieties of Currants

The Currant is one of the most productive and best paying small fruit that we have. There is, I believe, more profit to the acre in currants than any other small fruit that can be planted. They can be planted between the rows of trees. Records show that Currants will yield, when planted in a field by themselves, 200 to 250 bushels per acre and the selling price is from \$3.00 to \$4.00 per bushel.

Plant in rows four feet apart each way. Keep the ground mellow, free from weeds, and in a good state of fertility and prune freely every spring.

Wilder (President Wilder)—A vigorous grower, berries large to very large, bright red; excellent with a mild sub-acid flavor. Ripens early and remains bright and firm until very late. Because of its exceedingly vigorous growth, great productiveness, high quality and remaining good so long after ripening, I recommend this as one of the best red currants for both table and market.

Black Champion—From England, pronounced to be the finest Black Currant. The bushes grow very large and the flavor of the fruit excellent.

Cherry (Red)—Very large; deep red; bunches short. Plants erect, stout, vigorous and productive.

Fay's Prolific (Red)—A cross between Cherry and Victoria. Of large size, fine flavor, and claimed to be twice as prolific as the Cherry. Highly commended by those who have seen or had experience with it.

Lee's Prolific (Black)—The fruit is large and of superior quality; the bush is a vigorous grower and productive.

Perfection—A cross between Fay's Prolific and White Grape. Color, beautiful bright red; size as large or larger than the Fay, the clusters averaging longer.

Red Cross—A strong growing variety. Cluster long; berry medium to large, bright red; quality good to best. Very productive.

Victoria (Red)—A valuable variety, ripening two or three weeks later than the others, and continuing in fine condition for a long period. Bunches extremely long, berries of medium size, brilliant red and of the highest quality.

White Grape—Very large; yellowish white; sweet or very mild acid; excellent quality and valuable for the table. The finest of white sorts. Very productive.

Pomona Price for all varieties of Currants, strong 2 yr. bushes, 10 cents each, 10 for 75 cents, 100 for \$4.50.

Garden Roots—Asparagus and Rhubarb

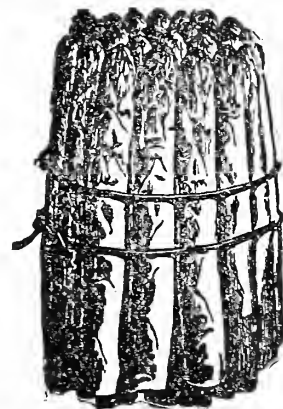
Conover's Colossal Asparagus—A standard variety of large size, tender and excellent quality. This variety is known everywhere. You will get more satisfaction out of a bed of asparagus than any other vegetable.

Palmetto Asparagus—A very early variety; even, regular size, of excellent quality. No home garden can be complete without it. This is a large growing variety, particularly delicious in quality. Plant in rows 3½ feet apart, and one foot apart in the row. Let the lower ends of the roots extend down as far as they can but do not cover the crowns deep when planting.

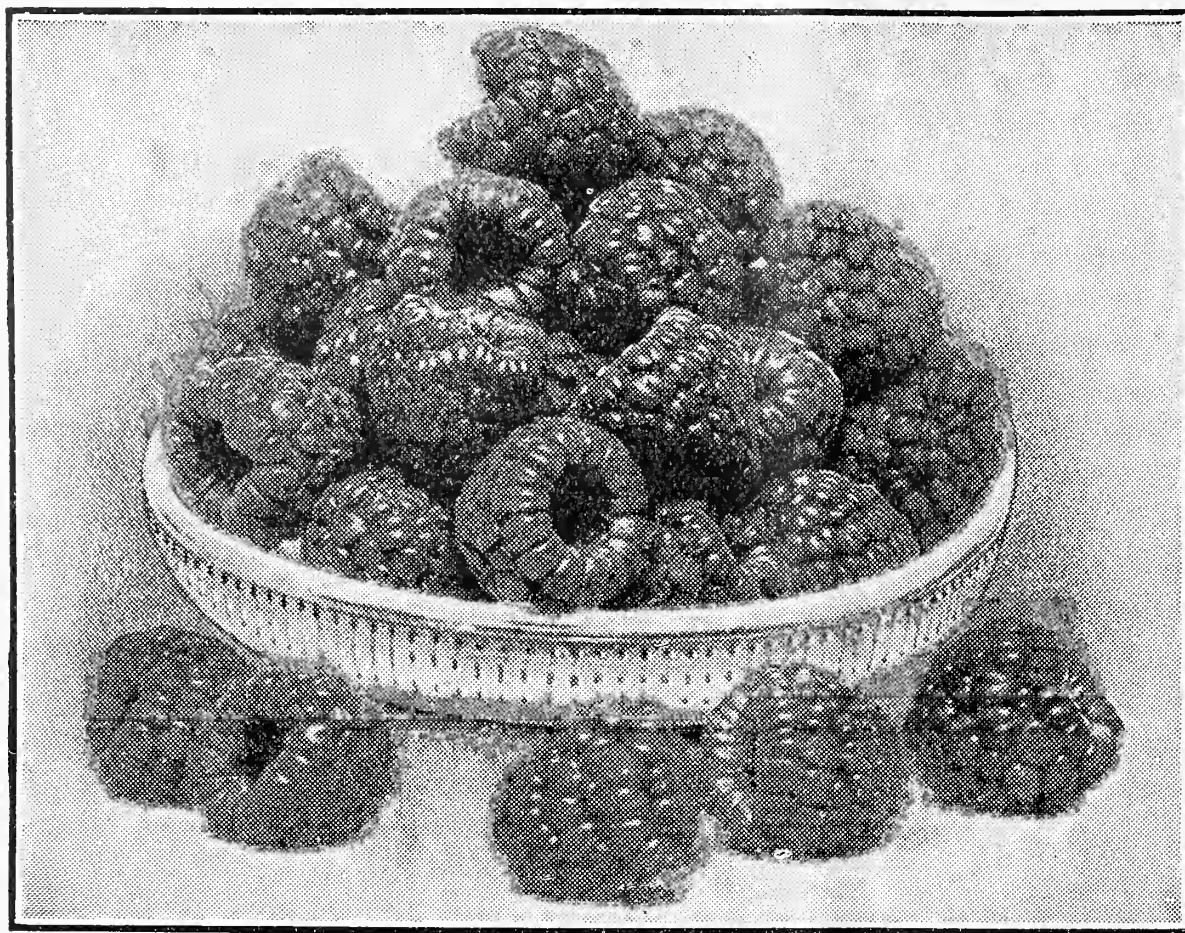
Pomona Price for 2 year old Asparagus Roots, 25 for 50 cents, 100 for \$1.00.

Linnaeus Rhubarb—Large, early, tender and fine. The very best of all which is a good paying, all season crop. There is a constant demand for it.

Pomona Price for 2 year old Rhubarb Roots, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00.



Select Varieties of Red Raspberries



St. Regis Everbearing Raspberry "Early till Late"

St. Regis Everbearing Raspberry—Too many farm homes are still dependent upon the fence rows and waste places of the farm for their supply of raspberries. No fruit is easier to manage than this one. The plants need very little care where only the home table is to be supplied. No other fruit can take the place of the raspberry, which has a flavor and deliciousness all its own. The variety illustrated herewith is the St. Regis which is said to produce fruit for four months, very hardy, vigorous sort, with brilliant crimson berries larger than either Cuthbert or Loudon, and is also remarkably productive. It is one of the comparatively new varieties.

Pomona Price for St. Regis 10c each, 10 for 50c, 100 for \$2.00.

Loudon—Prof. VanDeman has pronounced Loudon the best of all red raspberries. Considering its hardiness, productiveness large size, quality and bright color, it will be difficult to secure a better raspberry. The Loudon does not sucker nearly so much as do many other red raspberries. Sucker plants springing up about the parent plant are considered a nuisance to the grower of fine fruit, since these suckers have to be removed the same as weeds. Other red raspberries will send up ten suckers where Loudon will send up one. This makes less work for the producer of fruit.

Pomona Price for Loudon 10c each, 10 for 50c, 100 for \$1.75.

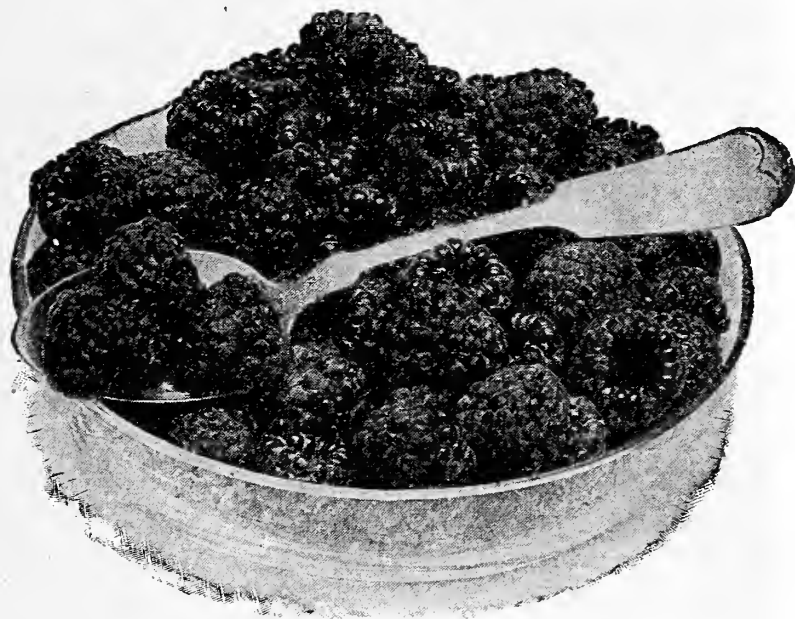
Coming immediately after Strawberries, when there is a dearth of other fresh fruit. Raspberries are equally desirable for planting in the garden for home use, and in the field for market. They are easily cultivated. Beds seldom require renewing. Their season of ripening is long. The fruit bears transportation well, and aside from the demand for it for immediate consumption, it brings highly remunerative prices for drying and canning.

Plant in good soil, and manure it from time to time freely. The hills should not be less than four feet apart each way, with two or three plants on a hill. Cut out the old and weak shoots each year, preserving not over six for fruiting. Surplus suckers take strength from the bearing plants. They should be cut away or hoed up frequently.

Cuthbert (The best red raspberry for market)—Large size, deep rich crimson; firm; of excellent quality. A vigorous grower, entirely hardy, and immensely productive. No fruit grower can afford to omit planting Cuthbert. During the last year or two there has been a great scarcity of red raspberries, and the price has advanced so that this year the price opened at twenty cents per quart, and did not go lower than fifteen cents per quart.

Pomona Price for Cuthbert 10c each, 10 for 35c, 100 for \$1.00.





Kansas—The Best Black Raspberry

Ohio—A very strong growing hardy sort; fruit medium to large, productive; valuable for market and much esteemed for drying.

Columbian—A strong grower; canes often ten to fifteen feet in length and over an inch in diameter. Never suckers from the roots. Very hardy. Fruit very large, dark red, bordering on purple; one of the most productive.

Pomona Price for all varieties of Raspberries on this page 10 cents each, 10 for 35 cents, 100 for \$1.50.

Select Varieties of Black and Purple Raspberries

Kansas—A strong, vigorous grower; jet black, firm and delicious; larger than Gregg; the hardiest black cap known, successfully withstanding the winters of Canada. One of the very best.

Cumberland (Black)—Hardy; productive; fruit enormous; quality unsurpassed. The great firmness of the berry makes it a splendid shipper. Ripens just before the Gregg.

Gregg—Of good size, fine quality, very productive and hardy. It takes the same position among black caps as Cuthbert among the red sorts. No one can afford to be without it.

Nemaha—An excellent, large, black, good quality, late variety. The very fact that it is considered to be better than the Gregg is enough to cause it to be planted by every grower of black raspberries desiring a late variety.

Shaffer's Colossal Purple—An immense raspberry, both in cane and fruit. Canes are of wonderful vigor and size, hardy and enormously productive; berries are very large and of a purplish color.

Diamond—On account of its great productiveness, splendid keeping and evaporating qualities, one of the most profitable to grow. Very sweet and excellent.



Select Varieties of Gooseberries

So useful for cooking when green or ripe, and may be canned with such facility, that it is being cultivated very extensively for both home and market use.

Downing—Greenish white; bush very hardy, with stiff, strong shoots; foliage heavy, covering the fruit from the sun, bears most abundantly and is profitable for market.

Chautauqua—Fruit large, smooth, veined, translucent; skin thick; quality very sweet and high-flavored. A vigorous grower.

Golden Prolific—Thrifty, productive and fruit large, brilliant yellow, of good quality.

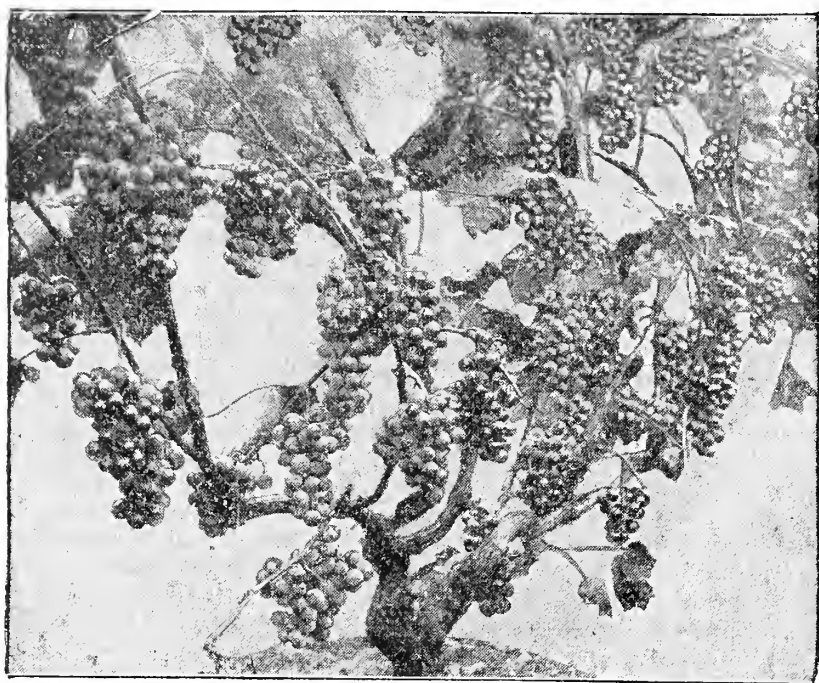
Houghton—Bush a vigorous grower; with rather slender branches; very productive. Fruit medium size, pale red, tender and good.

Red Jacket (Josselyn)—A new red berry of large size and good quality; hardy and very productive.

Columbus—An American seedling, large size; skin greenish yellow, smooth and high quality; bush strong, robust grower, the best American gooseberry yet introduced.

Smith's Improved—One of the largest American varieties of value; light green when ripe, sweet and excellent. Plant vigorous, healthy and hardy.

Pomona Price for all varieties of Gooseberry Bushes on this page 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00.



Concord Grape Vine

Concord—Bunch large, shouldered, compact; berries large, covered with a rich bloom. Vine a strong grower, very hardy.

Campbell's Early (Black)—Strong grower, with large, healthy foliage; productive, its keeping and shipping qualities are equaled by no other early grape.

Moore's Early (Black)—Bunch and berry large, round with heavy blue bloom; vine exceedingly hardy. Its earliness makes it desirable for an early market.

Agawam (Roger's No. 15) (Red)—Berries very large, thick skin, pulp soft, sweet, sprightly, very vigorous, ripens early.

Diamond—Leading early white grape, ripening before Moore's Early.

Pocklington—One of the largest and most showy white grapes of the Concord type.

Lindley (Roger's No. 9)—Berries medium to large; flesh tender, sweet and aromatic; ripens early.

Catawba—Berries large, round; when fully ripe of a dark copper color.

Salem (Roger's No. 53)—Bunch large, compact; berry large, round, coppery red, tender, juicy. Ripens with Concord.

Delaware—Red, finest flavor. Bunch and berry small, compact; sweet, thin skin; slow grower; requires good soil.

Niagara White—Occupies the same position among the white varieties as Concord among the black; the leading profitable market sort. Bunch and berries large, greenish white changing to pale yellow when fully ripe. Skin thin but tough; quality much like Concord.

Select Varieties of Grapes

Grapes are planted anywhere and everywhere—to trail over the sides of houses, on arbors, sheltering paths, fences, etc.; even people who live in the crowded parts of cities may have them.

Diamond White—The leading early white grape, ripening before Moore's Early. White, with rich yellow tinge; juicy, few seeds, almost free from pulp, excellent quality; above medium size, adheres firmly to stem.

Chas. A. Green White—Claimed by the introducer to be a new and valuable variety, a vigorous grower and an enormous yielder of very large and beautiful clusters of excellent fruit.

McPike—This mammoth black grape has been exhibited in all parts of the country. Its great size, fine flavor and beauty creating quite a sensation. The bunches are large, even and compact.

Worden (Black)—A splendid grape of the Concord type, larger, better quality and earlier. Vines vigorous, hardy and productive.

Brighton—Perhaps the best red grape in cultivation. Bunch large; compact; strong grower and very productive; quality good.



Niagara Grape



Eldorado Blackberry

Select Varieties of Blackberries

This profitable fruit should be planted for garden use in rows five feet apart, with plants three feet apart in rows; for market, in rows six feet apart, with plants three feet apart in the rows. Give the plants the same cultivation as for raspberries.

Eldorado—The best all-round berry yet produced, combining nearly all the good qualities found in a blackberry. The vines are very hardy and vigorous, enduring the winters of the far Northwest without injury, and their yield is enormous. The berries are large, jet black, borne in large clusters and ripen well together; they are very sweet, melting, have no hard core and keep for eight or ten days after picking with quality unimpaired.

Snyder—Extremely hardy; enormously productive; medium size.

Rathbun—Bush perfectly healthy, vigorous, but not a high growing sort; very rarely suckers from the roots. Fruit of largest size, highest quality.

Lawton—Very large, excellent quality, and an abundant bearer.

Kittatinny—At one time this was the most popular of all Blackberries. It is still first-rate for garden use, and in some localities for market. Berries large; canes strong in growth; productive.

Wilson's Early—Large size, black, quite firm, rich, sweet and good. Ripens early and matures its fruit rapidly; retains its color well after picking.

Minniewaska—Wonderful, hardy, productive, good blackberry, has not been forgotten by us, or our old patrons. Its principal points are hardiness, excellent quality, earliness and continued bearing and productiveness. The secret of its great productiveness, is that it is an enormous grower. A large grower near Rochester states that his average receipts from an acre of Minniewaska blackberries has been \$300 a year for the past five years.

Early Harvest—The earliest blackberry and valuable for market. The canes are strong and upright in growth and enormously productive. Berries sweet and of the highest quality.

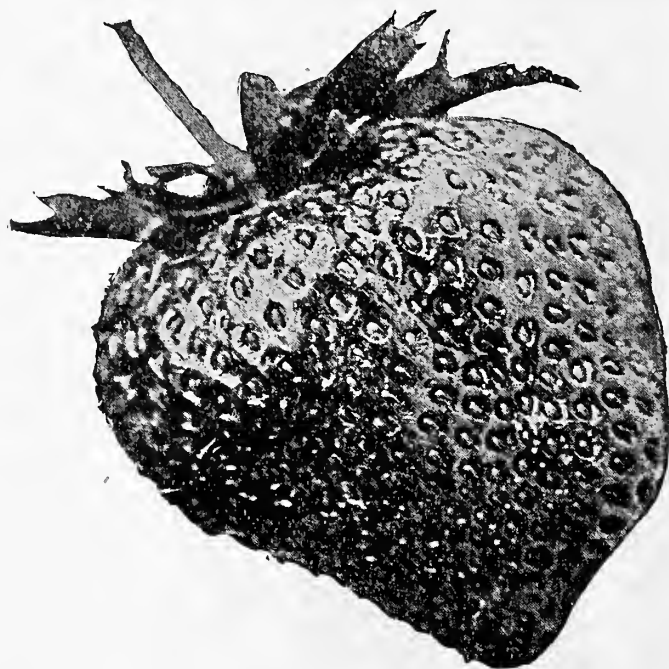
Erie—Bush vigorous; berry large, round; good quality; early and productive. An excellent market sort.

Agawam—Ripens earlier than other kinds, and has a flavor similar and equal to the wild berry. Hardy.

Ancient Briton—Bush hardy and very productive. One of the best old sorts, and still grown in immense quantities by successful market gardeners.

Blower—Large size, jet black, good shipper, best quality, unexcelled productiveness are the main characteristics of this splendid new sort.

Pomona Prices for all varieties of Blackberry Plants, 10 cents each, 10 for 75 cents, 100 for \$2.00, 1000 for \$17.00.



Corsican Strawberry

Crescent—Medium, uniform, conical; bright scarlet; ripens with Wilson but continues longer. Plants wonderfully rank growers. Succeeds on all soils.

Sharpless—This grand old sort originated in Pennsylvania, and has been planted everywhere with very satisfactory results. Fruit large size, showy and good. Season medium.

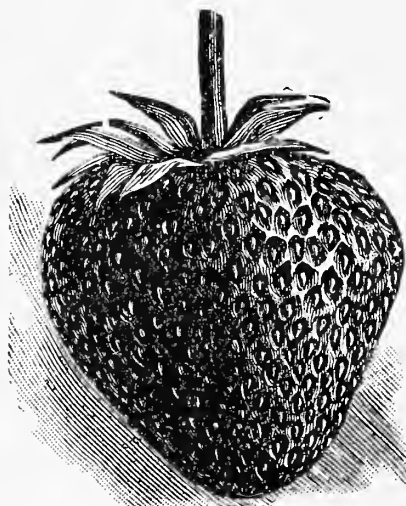
Wilson's Albany—The old standard sort for preserving and canning.

Haverland—Large, long, bright red; a great yielder. One of the best of recent introduction.

Glen Mary—An exceedingly attractive berry, as large as the Sharpless. Color a bright glossy crimson and so handsome that it brings the highest prices in market; moderately firm, and fine in flavor. The plant is vigorous, healthy and very productive, and the berries maintain their large size until the close of the season.

Senator Dunlap—A well tested, early variety, one of the safe sorts to plant everywhere. Fruit good size, regular form, beautiful bright red, glossy, firm, splendid keeper and shipper, excellent quality, one of the best for canning.

Marshall—An extra large handsome berry of a high color and fine quality, ripening very early. Plants strong, with high culture produces heavy crops.



Senator Dunlap Strawberry

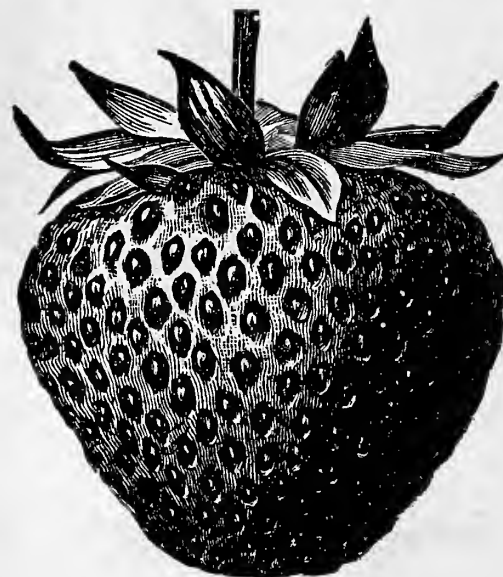
Select Varieties of Strawberries

The Strawberry delights in good, rich, moist soil, but will grow on any soil which is capable of raising good general crops. By planting early, medium and late varieties, the grower is supplied with fruit during the entire strawberry season. In hill culture plant 15 inches apart each way, in beds 4 feet wide, with alleys of 2 feet between. For matted rows, plant 1 foot apart in rows 4 to 5 feet apart, for varieties which make plants freely; for other varieties, 3 feet apart will answer.

Jessie—Large, handsome, roundish conical; firm; of good quality. Plant vigorous and productive. One of the best for home market. Season early to medium.

Brandywine — A very late and firm berry; a good shipper, good canner, a good all round strawberry. Season medium to very late.

McKinley—Medium to late. Fruit large and firm, of round, conical shape and bright red color which extends clear through the meat. Always attractive and of highest quality.



Brandywine Strawberry

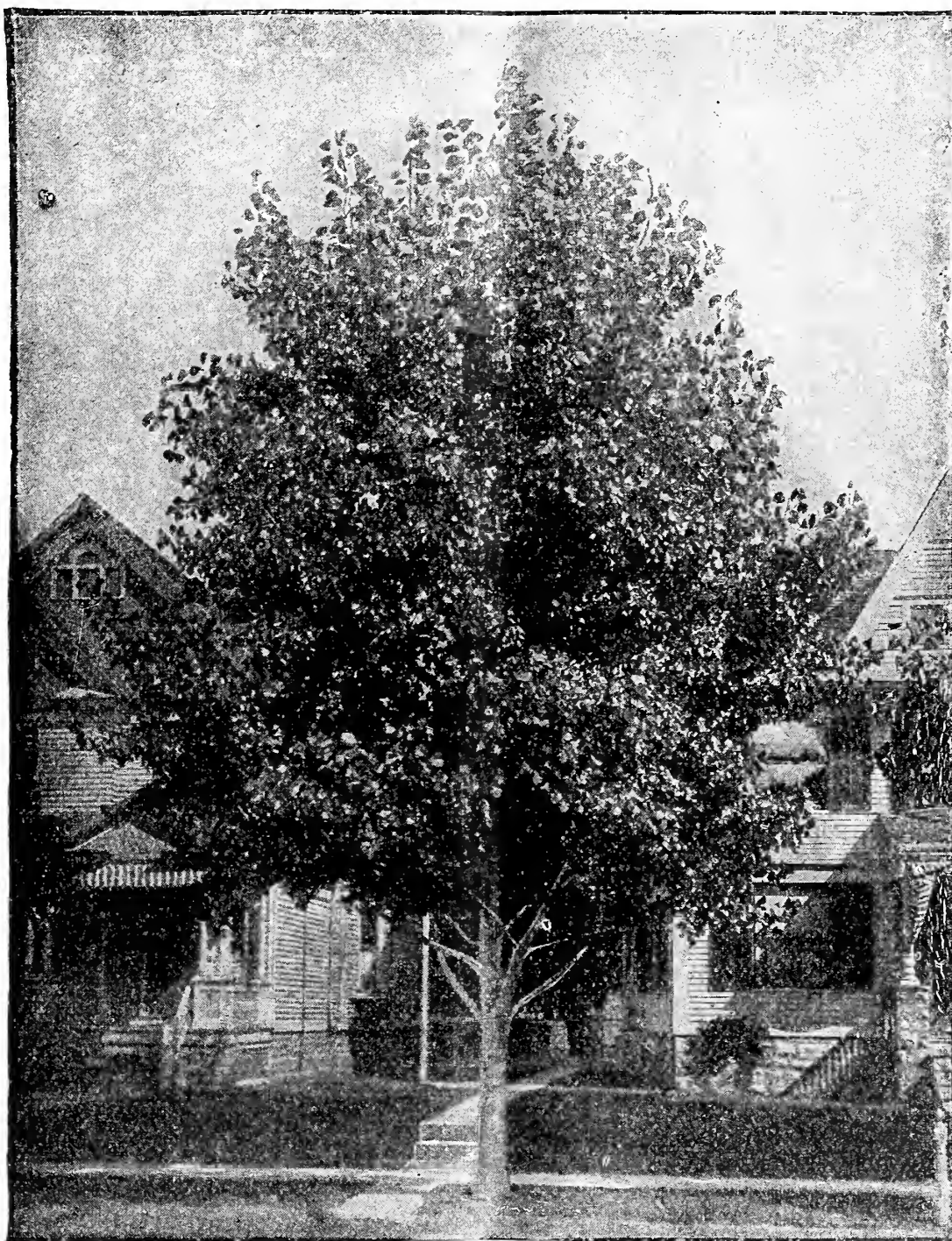
ity. On rich loamy soil the fruit is very large, five and one-half pounds of fruit were grown from twelve plants of the McKinley strawberry.

Corsican is a great strawberry for many reasons. First, it is the biggest berry; second, it is the brightest and best in color; third, it is a great yielder, and producer; fourth, and the most important of all, the foliage is exceedingly vigorous and leathery, resisting fungus, drought, weeds, and even neglect of cultivation.

Michael's Early—Very productive; berries medium size, bright crimson, fair quality.

Sample—Late, of large size and yields enormous quantities of high quality bright red berries. A standard shipping variety.

NOTE—Do not order strawberry plants sent by freight. My patrons order from 50 to 500 trees, and 500 or more strawberry plants by freight. Now the trees should go by freight and the strawberries by express, or small lots by mail. In all cases when desired by mail, add postage at rate of 20c. per 100. Always state plainly that the strawberry plants are to be sent by express or mail.



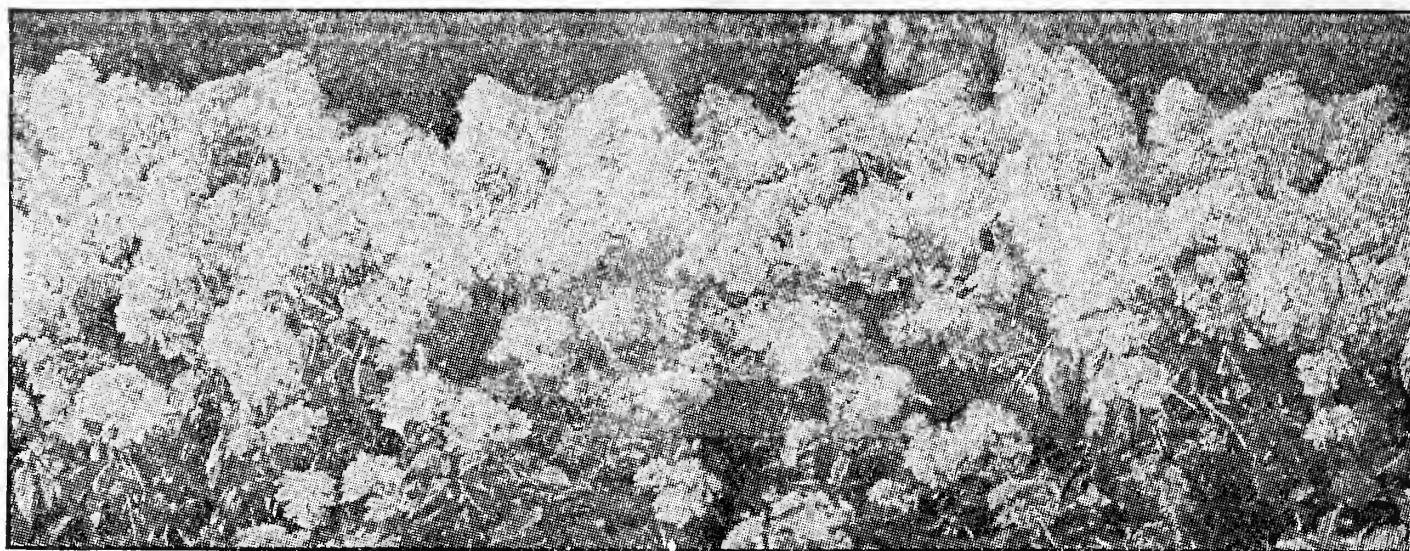
Carolina Poplar

Poplar Carolina (*Populus*)—Pyramidal in form and robust in growth; leaves large, pale to deep green. This is undoubtedly a grand tree for street planting or lawn, where a quick shade is wanted. If the leaders are kept pruned back the first two or three years, will make well shaped, round heads with dense shade. Trees are healthy, robust growers. We know of no disease to bother this tree, and the easiest tree to transplant we know of.

Pomona Price for Carolina Poplar Trees 6 to 8 Ft. High, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$10.00.

Catalpa Speciosa (*Hardy Catalpa*)—One of the most showy flowering trees I saw on a recent visit to Washington was this Catalpa, low branching, covered with beautiful flowers. It is but little known, yet it is of great value, as it grows rapidly, is hardy and attractive in both foliage and flowers. It is suitable for street trees, for single specimens on lawns, or for grouping purposes. The flowers have a pleasant fragrance, and a tree in bloom attracts the sense of smell and sight. It makes a beautiful object on a lawn and should be in everyone's dooryard. The Catalpa flowers in July, when few trees are in bloom. Their blossoms are large, very showy and quite fragrant. Being very hardy, it is adapted to forest and ornamental planting.

Pomona Price for Catalpa Speciosa Trees, 4 to 6 Ft. High, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00, 100 for \$10.00.



A Hedge of Hardy Bush Hydrangea

Select Varieties of Flowering Shrubs

Hydrangea, Paniculata Grandiflora—Absolutely hardy; thrives in all soils; grows rapidly and blossoms profusely. The flowers are pure white, afterward changing to pink, and are borne in large pyramidal trusses often more than a foot long.

Golden Elder—A handsome variety, with golden yellow foliage. A valuable plant for shrubberies.

Barberry Purple Leaved—A very handsome shrub, growing from three to five feet high, with violet-purple leaves and fruit.

Barberry Thunberg's (*Berberis Thunbergi*)—A low, dense, neat little shrub, with a profusion of white flowers in May. These are followed by a heavy crop of rich red.

DEUTZIA

Crenata—Double white flowers tinged with rose. Blooms the middle of June. 5 feet.

Gracilis—A graceful and charming shrub with pure white flowers. Blooms the middle of June.

Lemoinei—Flowers pure white, borne on stout branches of upright growth. Dwarf and free flowering.

Pride of Rochester—One of the finest varieties, large double white flowers. Blooms early in June.

Mock Orange—Flowers white, deliciously perfumed. Derives its name owing to flowers resembling orange blossoms.

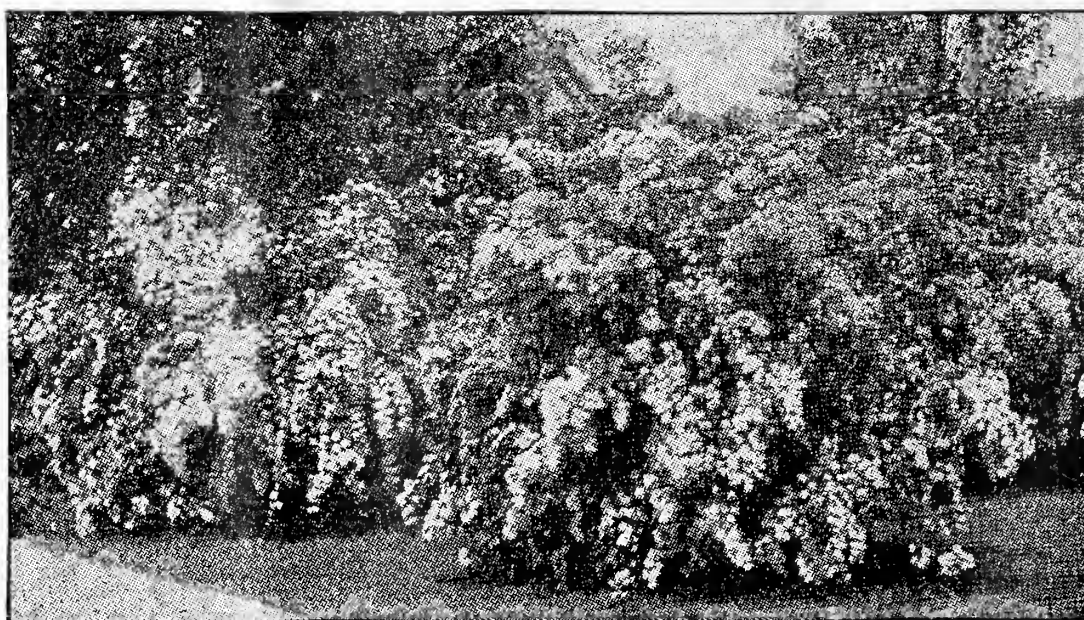
Spirea Anthony Waterer—A new dwarf compact-growing shrub. Blossoms in broad flat heads of beautiful deep red color. A perpetual bloomer.

Spirea Billardi—Blooms nearly all summer; rose colored; fine; showy.

Spirea Callosa—Desirable because it blooms nearly all summer. The flowers are rose-colored, borne in panicles. A very free grower.

Spirea Reevesi—Narrow, pointed leaves. The flowers are white, quite large, and borne in clusters, covering the whole plant. Blooms in June.

Spirea Van Houttei—The finest of all Spireas, a most charming and beautiful shrub; having pure white flowers in clusters. Extraordinary profuse in bloom, and the plant is a vigorous grower and very hardy.

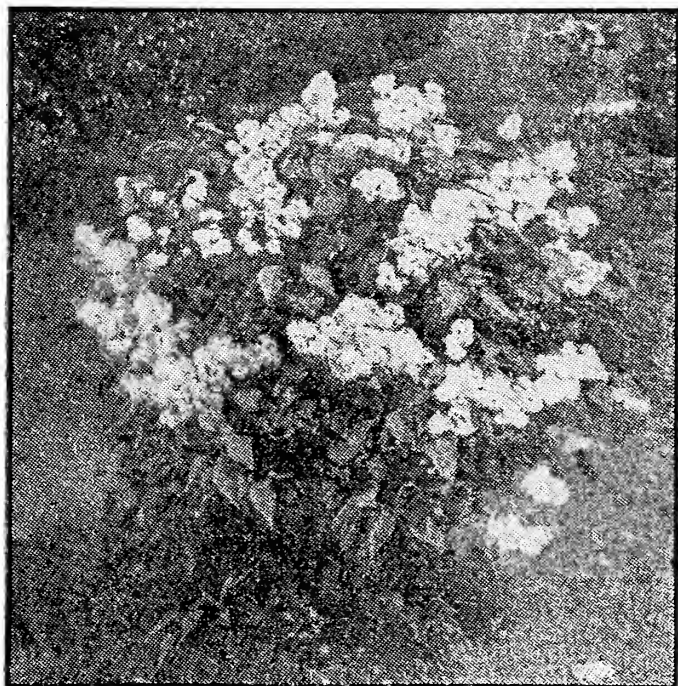


Spirea Van Houttei

Pomona Price for all varieties of Flowering Shrubs, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00.

ALTHEA OR ROSE OF SHARON

The Altheas are free growers and not particular as to soil. They bloom in August and September, when but few other sorts are in blossom. **Varieties**—Double Purple, Double Red, Double Pink, Double White.



Purple Lilac

Purple Lilac—Bluish purple flowers. A standard variety and a good grower.

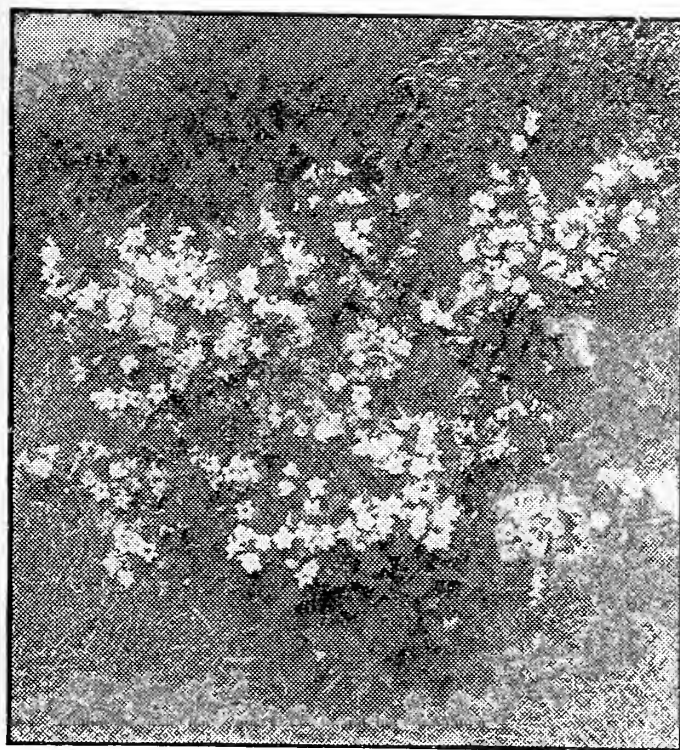
White Lilac—Cream colored flowers, large, dense trusses. One of the finest.

California Privet—A vigorous-growing variety of fine habit, thick, glossy, nearly evergreen leaves. Of all ornamental hedge-plants this is the most highly prized. If cut to the ground one or two years after planting, it makes a very thick hedge right from the bottom, sending up many strong shoots. The leaves are a rich green, and will remain on the plants up to Christmas and if they are a little sheltered they will keep green almost all winter. This is especially the case if the hedge has attained some age and has frequently been trimmed. Though it is a very strong grower, it can be kept to a low size by frequent trimming. Where a close, compact hedge is desired we recommend California Privet. Should be planted about eight to ten inches apart to give best results.

Weigela Candida—The flowers are of the purest white, blooming in June, and all summer. Hardy.

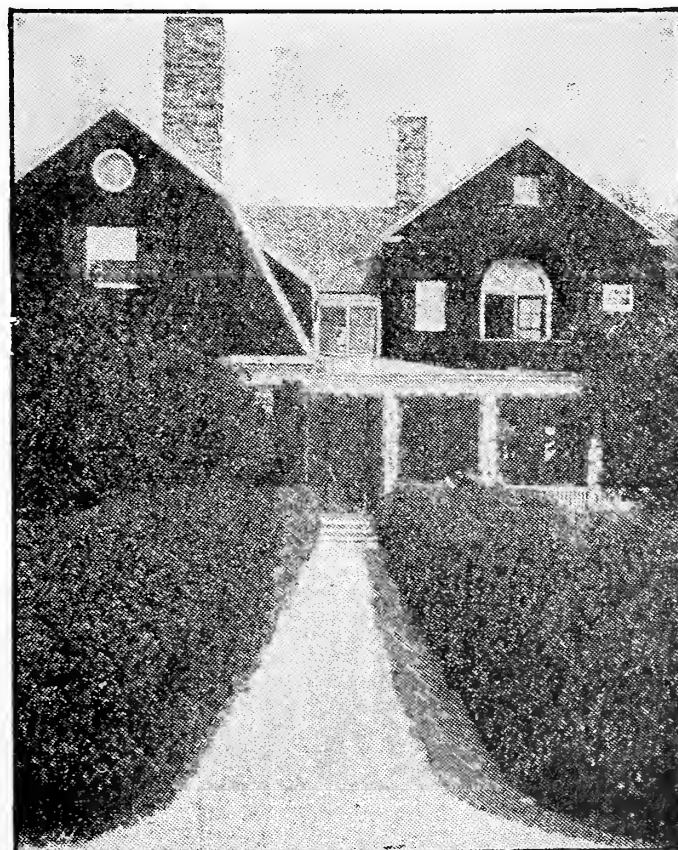
Weigela Eva Rathke—With showy, bright red flowers borne freely during the summer.

Weigela Floribunda—Flowers are dark crimson, with white stamens.



Weigela Rosea

Weigela Rosea—This is one of the most charming shrubs in cultivation.



California Privet Hedge



Marshall P. Wilder

Magna Charta

Coquette Des Alps

Select Varieties of Roses

In spite of all the flowers which from time to time have become popular and have had their day as "fads," the Rose, the "Queen of Flowers," still holds her scepter and compels all others to acknowledge her queenly right and beauty.

The Roses which I offer below are all strong two-year field-grown bushes, either American-grown or have been imported from England.

Marshall P. Wilder—Bright cherry carmine; very fragrant and one of the freest bloomers. Vigorous.

Baron de Bonstetten—Flowers large and very double; color rich, dark red, passing to deep velvety maroon. Very fragrant.

Clio—New. The perfection in Hybrid Perpetuals. Of delicate satin blush with a little deeper center. Large, well shaped and very double. Strong, robust, hardy and prolific. A jewel.

Blanche Robert—Pure white, large and full, buds very beautiful. A strong grower and a desirable variety.

Alfred Colomb—Very large and full. Brilliant carmine crimson; extremely fragrant. A free grower.

American Beauty—Very large and double. Of globular shape. Deep pink, shaded with carmine. Fragrance exquisite.

Anne de Diesbach—Very large, brilliant crimson; fragrant, vigorous.

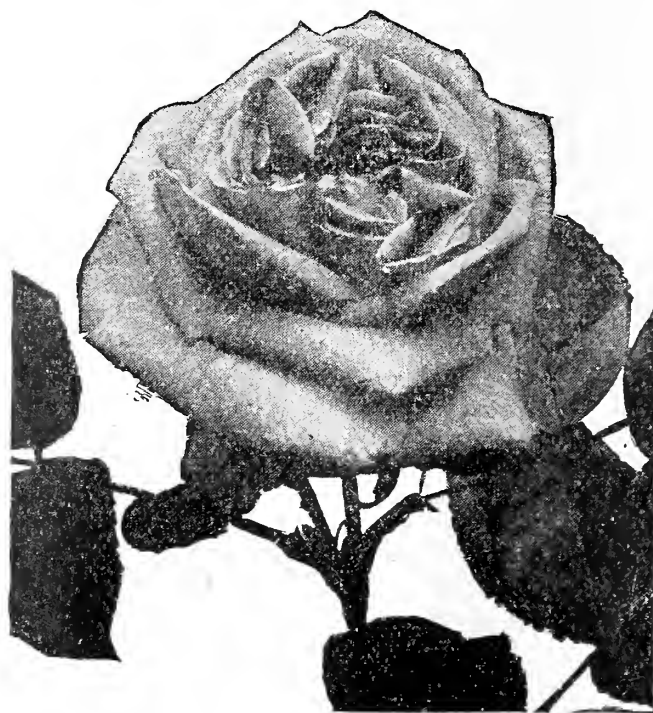
Mad. Plantier—Pure white, large and very double. A free bloomer and grower.

La France—Rich satiny peach, changing to deep rose; large and full. A constant bloomer. The sweetest of all.

Magna Charta—Pink and carmine; very large and full; a profuse bloomer. Fragrant. Free grower.

Frau Karl Druschki (Snow Queen)—A new rose of great merit. There is nothing in white roses quite as fine as this. Pure white, large and of elegant form. The bush is vigorous and healthy, with bright, robust and abundant foliage. Perfectly hardy and very prolific.

Paul Neyron—The largest of all. Deep rose color. A free bloomer and vigorous grower.



Paul Neyron

Pomona Price for all varieties of Rose Bushes, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00.



Prince Camille de Rohan

General Jacqueminot—Brilliant crimson; large and fine. Beautiful in bud and a universal favorite.

Margaret Dickson—New, perfectly hardy and very vigorous. A free summer and autumn bloomer. Flowers white with pale flesh center, of a waxy texture and delightful fragrance.

Coquette des Alps—White, slightly shaded with carmine; strong grower and a great favorite.

Mrs. J. Laing—Very free flowering; commences early and continues to bloom profusely until fall. Of delicate pink color. Very fragrant.

Prince Camille de Rohan—Very dark velvety crimson, changing to intense maroon.

Persian Yellow—Deep, bright yellow; small but handsome; double; a very early bloomer, and much the finest hardy yellow rose.

Harrison's Yellow, free—Double; bright yellow; very showy and fine.

John Hopper—Bright rose with carmine center; large and full. A profuse bloomer and standard sort.

John Keynes—Of brilliant red, shaded with velvety crimson; magnificent buds; a variety that is very satisfactory to all lovers of roses; good grower; quite hardy.

Live Forever Rose—I recommend this rose to all, especially to those who have not been able to succeed with roses. Plant it in large beds and you will have a display of bloom that will attract attention and admiration.

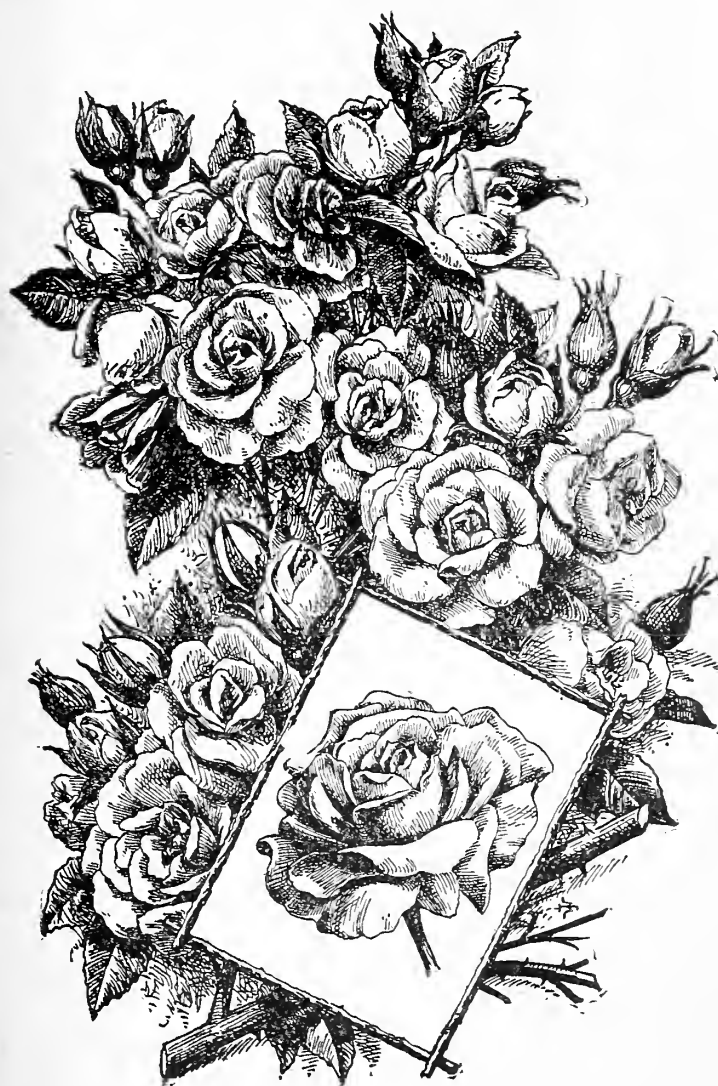
Philadelphia Rambler—This variety is a cross between Crimson Rambler and Hybrid Perpetual Victor Hugo and is identical in all respects to the Crimson Rambler except in color, which is a deeper, brighter and more intense crimson, which never fades out, and while it is not expected to supersede the old favorite, it is a most valuable addition to our list of hardy climbing Roses.

Yellow Rambler—A strong grower, with large trusses of nearly double pale yellow flowers; fragrant.

White Rambler—Also perfectly hardy and a strong, vigorous grower; flowers white.

Crimson Rambler—Climbing Rose. An exceedingly vigorous and rapid grower, making shoots 8 to 10 feet in one season, and when in bloom commands admiration by the gorgeous display of its brilliant crimson flowers.

Dorothy Perkins—The flowers are borne in clusters of thirty or forty, and sometimes even fifty and sixty. The blooms are large for a Rose of this class, very double, sweet-scented and of a beautiful shell-pink; it is also entirely hardy. A valuable Rose.



Dorothy Perkins Rose

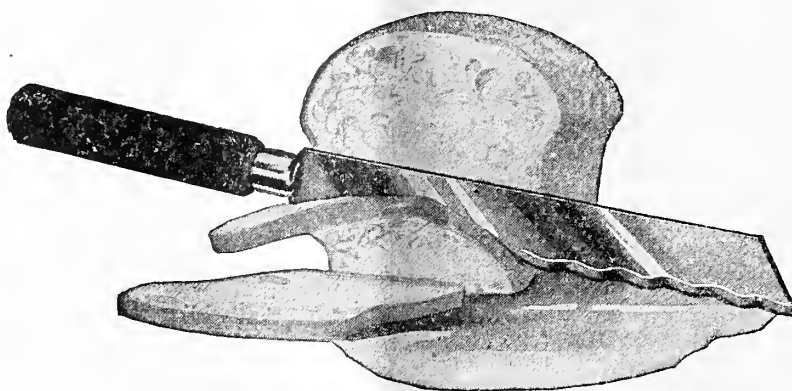
Pomona Price for all varieties of Rose Bushes, 10 cents each, 10 for \$1.00.

Our Plan to Save You Money

Many people who desire to increase their fruit gardens or orchards, wait for the "Tree Agent" to call upon them and solicit their order. Of course the tree agent must charge double the price that the trees can be bought for direct from the nurserymen, owing to the fact that the tree agent has to earn a good salary, must pay his traveling expenses, and the nurserymen who employ the agent must make a large profit. But the more intelligent people who are interested in fruit culture are learning, year by year, that they can save money by purchasing direct of the producing nursery, and that they can save more than this by dealing direct with the producer, for they will not be imposed upon as by irresponsible traveling agents.

PREMIUM BREAD AND CAKE KNIFE

You can have this knife with a \$5.00 cash order, if order is sent so as to reach us on or before March 15th, 1915.



What lady would not enjoy using a perfect bread knife. We know you will be pleased with this knife as a premium because of its generous proportions. It is a real knife, with a long wide fine steel blade carrying a serrated edge, with a handle large enough so that you can grip it in a business-like way. It is the sort of a knife that the housewife likes, because she can cut bread and cake without tearing it to pieces.

How to Secure this Knife: Send in your order accompanied by a cash payment of \$5.00 worth of trees and plants, on or before March 15th, 1915 and we will send with your shipment packed in a special box, the Bread and Cake Knife illustrated above.

POMONA TEN CENT NURSERIES, INC., Dansville, N. Y.

POMONA TEN CENT NURSERIES INC., DANSVILLE, N. Y.

Freight and Express Rates on Nursery Stock

Freight rates per 100 lbs. in boxes.	FROM DANSVILLE, N. Y. TO	Express rates per 100 lbs. in boxes and bales.	Freight rates per 100 lbs. in boxes.	FROM DANSVILLE, N. Y. TO	Express rates per 100 lbs. in boxes and bales.
\$.22½	Albany, N. Y.	\$1.00	\$1.24½	Little Rock, Ark.*	\$5.60
.93	Atlanta, Ga.	3.40	.40	Milwaukee, Wis.	1.80
1.44	Austin, Texas	5.80	.93	Montgomery, Ala.	3.60
.79	Ashland, Wis.	3.20	.32	May's Landing, N. J.	1.69
.20	Binghamton, N. Y.	.60	.78	New Orleans, La.	4.40
.27½	Boston, Mass.	1.20	.25	New York, N. Y.	1.00
.25	Baltimore, Md.	1.40	.60	Nashville, Tenn.	2.80
1.59	Bismark, N. D.	5.40	.80	Omaha, Nebr.	3.20
.27½	Burlington, Vt.	2.00	.18	Olean, N. Y.	.60
.22	Cortland, N. Y.	.72	.25½	Oswego, N. Y.	.80
.35	Chicago, Ill.	1.60	.33	Ogdensburg, N. Y.	1.20
.23	Cleveland, Ohio	1.09	.35	Plattsburg, N. Y.	1.80
.31	Cincinnati, Ohio	1.40	.29	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	1.20
.42	Cheboygan, Mich.	2.88	.25	Philadelphia, Pa.	1.20
.27½	Concord, N. H.	1.68	.25	Pittsburg, Pa.	1.20
.83	Columbia, S. C.	3.40	.27½	Providence, R. I.	1.80
.44	Charleston, W. Va.	1.89	.31½	Portland, Maine	2.00
.23	Dunkirk, N. Y.	.80	2.35	Portland, Oregon	11.20
.27	Detroit, Mich.	1.20	.25	Reading, Pa.	1.20
.75	Des Moines, Iowa	3.00	.52	Raleigh, N. C.	2.60
1.60	Denver, Col.	6.40	.38	Richmond, Va.	2.20
.25	Dover, N. J.	.80	.25	Scranton, Pa.	.72
.25	Easton, Pa.	.80	.75	St. Paul, Minn.	3.20
.32	Ft. Wayne, Ind.	1.60	2.35	San Francisco, Cal.	11.20
.38	Georgetown, Del.	2.24	.41	St. Louis, Mo.	2.00
.34	Grand Rapids, Mich.	1.80	.27½	Springfield, Mass.	1.60
.25	Harrisburg, Pa.	1.20	.41	Springfield, Ill.	2.40
.27½	Hartford, Conn.	1.60	.25	Trenton, N. J.	1.20
.33	Indianapolis, Ind.	1.60	.27	Toledo, Ohio	1.20
.97	Jackson, Miss.	3.80	.25½	Utica, N. Y.	.80
.51	Jacksonville, Fla.	4.20	.25	Williamsport, Pa.	.80
.80	Kansas City, Mo.	3.20	.31	Washington, D. C.	1.60
.35	Louisville, Ky.	1.80	.27½	Worcester, Mass.	1.80

Estimate Weight of Trees and Plants Boxed

Pomona size	4 to 5 feet	100 to 150 pounds per 100 trees
Shrubs, Roses, etc.	No. 1 size	75 to 100 pounds per 100 plants
Grapes, Berries, etc.	No. 1 size	25 to 50 pounds per 100 plants

It is impossible to give a more definite estimate as some varieties weigh more than others, on account of the difference in the density of the wood growth. For instance, a Peach tree would weigh less than a Pear tree of exactly the same size. The above, however, will enable you to make a close estimate as to the freight rate on a given amount of stock.

Number of Trees to an Acre

30 feet apart each way	50	10	"	"	"	"	435
25 " " " "	70	8	"	"	"	"	680
20 " " " "	110	6	"	"	"	"	1210
18 " " " "	135	5	"	"	"	"	1742
15 " " " "	205	4	"	"	"	"	2723
12 " " " "	300	3	"	"	"	"	4840

Rule—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant or hill; which divided into the number of feet in an acre (43,560), will give the number of trees to an acre.

**STATE OF NEW YORK
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

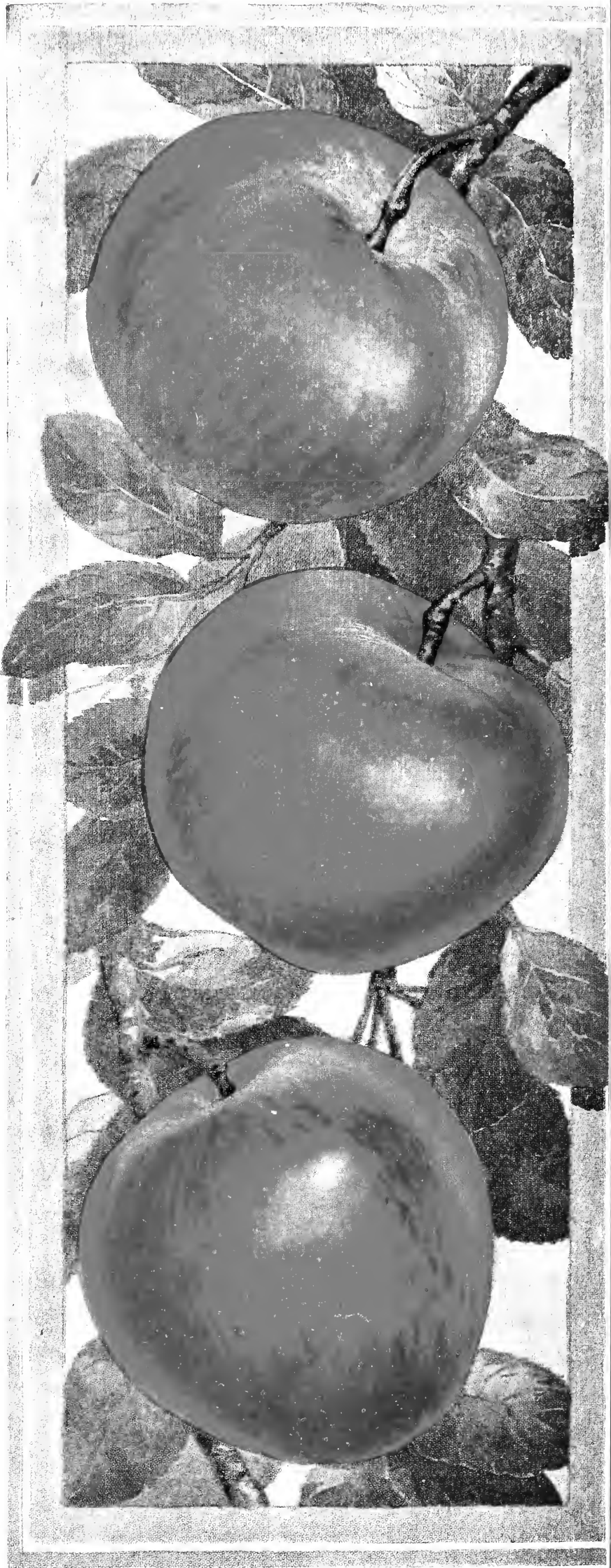
Certificate of Inspection of Nursery Stock

This is to certify that the stock in the nursery of Pomona Ten Cent Nurseries, Inc., Dansville, County of Livingston, State of New York, was duly examined in compliance with the provisions of Section 305 of the Agricultural Law and it was found to be apparently free from any contagious or infectious disease or diseases, or the San Jose scale, or other dangerously injurious insect pest or pests. This certificate expires September 1, 1915.

Dated Albany, N. Y., Oct. 8, 1914.

CALVIN J. HUSON, Commissioner of Agriculture.

Pomona Ten Cent Nurseries Inc., Dansville, N. Y.



MCINTOSH

WAGENER

WEALTHY